МІНІСТЕРСТВО ОСВІТИ І НАУКИ УКРАЇНИ

Донецький національний університет економіки і торгівлі імені Михайла Туган-Барановського

Кафедра іноземних мов

С.А. Остапенко

GUIDE TO ECONOMICS

Збірник тестових завдань з дисципліни «Іноземна (англійська) мова професійного спрямування» для студентів напрямів підготовки 6.030503 «Міжнародна економіка», 6.030504 «Економіка підприємства»

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Затверджено

на засіданні кафедри іноземних мов Протокол № 18 від 12 травня 2016 р.

Схвалено навчально-методичною радою ДонНУЕТ Протокол № 9 від "26" травня 2016 р.

ББК 81.2 Англ-923 О 76 УДК 811.111'276.6:33 (075.8)

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О 76 Guide to Economics. Збірник тестових завдань з дисципліни «Іноземна (англійська) мова професійного спрямування» для студентів напрямів підготовки 6.030503 «Міжнародна економіка», 6.030504 «Економіка підприємства» / С. А. Остапенко; Донец. нац. ун-т економіки і торгівлі ім. М. Туган-Барановського, каф. іноз. мов. – Кривий Ріг : ДонНУЕТ, 2016. – 87 с.

Запропонована методична робота сприятиме закріпленню та перевірці навичок всіх видів мовленнєвої діяльності.

Робота містить тестові завдання за темами, які вивчаються на другому етапі вивчення іноземної мови.

Збірник тестових завдань відповідає сучасним методичним вимогам до навчальної літератури.

ББК 81.2 Англ-923

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ПЕРЕДМОВА INTRODUCTION

Метою курсу «Іноземна мова професійного спрямування (для економістів)» є формування необхідної комунікативної спроможності у сферах професійного та ситуативного спілкування в усній і письмовій формах; вдосконалення вмінь та навичок читання і перекладу, ведення бесіди з професійної тематики, писемного мовлення та роботи з комерційною документацією.

Даний збірник тестових завдань має за мету забезпечити поточний контроль знань та умінь студентів впродовж кожного змістового модулю.

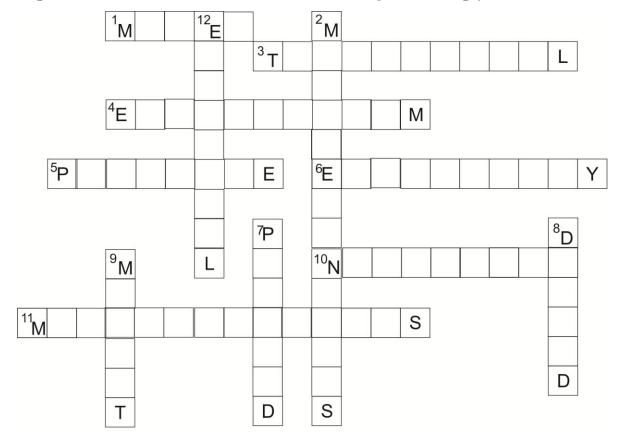
Збірник складається з тестових завдань до кожного змістового модулю з урахуванням матеріалу, відображеного у робочій програмі. Кожен тест містить вправи, що охоплюють всі види мовленнєвої діяльності (читання, роботу з лексичним та граматичним матеріалом, аудіювання та писемне мовлення).

Вирішення запропонованих завдань вимагає від студентів інтегрованого застосування знань, отриманих на протязі вивчення дисципліни і дозволяє перевірити вміння студентів орієнтуватись у практичних та теоретичних аспектах дисципліни.

ТЕСТОВІ ЗАВДАННЯ

TEST 1

A Complete the crossword. Some letters have been given to help you.



ACROSS

- 1 This kind of economy is both planned and free market.
- 3 The first kind of economy that existed.
- 4 The point where demand and supply meet.
- 5 This kind of economics simply describes the economy.
- 6 A measure of how much, demand influences price.
- 10 This kind of economics makes recommendations.
- 11 This kind of economics locks at the details of the economy.

DOWN

- 2 This kind of economics looks at the whole picture.
- 7 In this economy, the government decides everything.
- 8 This falls as prices rise.
- 9 In this kind of economy, price is set by supply and demand.

B Find six pairs of opposites.
■benefits ■ consumer ■ drawbacks I drought ■ flood ■ manufacturer I private sector
■ save ■ shortage I spend ■ state sector ■ surplus
C Complete the text with one word for each gap. The first letter has been given.
The traditional economy is the oldest form of economy. It has existed for thousands of
years, although today it has almost disappeared.
People in a traditional economy do not own (l) p They do not earn a (2)
s and thus neither do they pay (3) t In fact, there is no money.
They live on the raw (4) m that the forest provides them. They don't grow food
or have any organised (5) a with farms and (6) c growing in fields.
Instead, they (7) g wild fruit and vegetables or (8) h wild animals.
They eat most of the food they find, and may (9) h some food for the winter,
but they do not sell it. It's a difficult life. There are often (10) s of food when
there is not enough to eat. When this happens, the (11) t must move on to
another part of the forest.
D Listen to someone talking about the threats which face monopolies. Tick the things
in the list that are mentioned.
1 rising variable costs
2 a fall in demand
3 a change in fixed costs
4 innovation by another company
5 takeover from a foreign company

12 Something that can be measured, like money spent or babies born.

E Do grammar tests
Choose the correct item

Level 1

1.1. Our family in a villag	e near London for about ten years.
a) lived	b) has been living
1.2. to Barcelona?	
a) Have you ever been	b) Did you ever be
cookies, that's why my hand	ds are covered with flour.
a) I have been making	b) I have made
They said that their parents	for two hours.
a) had been walking	b) walked
1.5. The teacher about English	glish traditions since the beginning of the class.
a) talks	b) has been talking
1.6. What about a moment	ago?
a) were you thinking	b) have you been thinking
1.7. Jim was cooking dinner	in the kitchen while Jo the dog.
a) was feeding	b) has been feeding
1.8 There was no money lef	t because we it all.
a) had spent	b) had been spending
1.9. He said that he his gr	rammar by the end of the year.
a) has been improving	b) had improved
1.10. He saw his brother who	o beyond the glass door.
a) has been standing	b) was standing
1.11. The plane when I read	thed the airport.
a) had already been leaving	b) had already left
1.12. By 7.00 p.m. they ter	nnis for eight hours.
a) will have been playing	b) will be playing
1.13. I for a new car for m	onths before I bought one.
a) had looked	b) had been looking
1.14. My arms are aching now	w because I since two o'clock.
a) have been swimming	b) swam

1.15.	Ann was out of breath bed	cause she for a long tin	ne.
a) had	been running	b) has been running	g
1.16.	So you sing in a rock ban	d, do you? How long	that?
a) hav	e you done	b) have you been d	loing
1.17.	I'm sure she Her eyes	looked red.	
a) was	crying	b) had been crying	
1.18.	I can't get Mary on the ph	one. I all afternoon.	
a) am	trying	b) have been trying	
1.19.	He for the company for	or thirty years before he r	retired.
a) had	been working	b) worked	
1.20.	I for three hours befor	e I finished my homewor	rk.
a) hav	e been studying	b) had been studying	ng
Level	2		
2.1.	Mike's clothes are di	rty because he for	r two hours in the garden.
a) play	yed	b) had played	c) has been playing
2.2.	Sophia got burnt. She in	n the sun.	
a) lay	b)	was lying	c) had been lying
2.3.	I for half an hour before	e I found the hotel.	
a) hav	e been walking	b) had been walking	c) was walking
2.4.	How long for this comp	pany?' 'Five years'.	
a) had	you worked	b) were you working	c) have you been working
2.5.	We at the office for fifte	een years by the first of J	une.
a) shal	ll be working	b) shall have been worki	ing c) would work
2.6. 7	This is the first time he	a car.	
a) had	driven	b) has driven	c) had been driving
2.7. Si	nce I was a child I to go	o to Australia, and I final	ly went last year.
a) alw	ays wanted b) had a	always wanted c) have	always been wanting
2.8.	Holmes over some not	es which he upon the b	back of an envelope.
a)was	glancing, had been scribb	ling b)glanced,	had scribbled

c)glanced, had been scribbling
2.9. The woman out, but I myself in a doorway.
a) had come, had hid b) came, had hid c) came, had been hiding
2.10. When my grandfather, who was also a teacher, home from the Civil War, he
my grandmother and they to college together.
a) came, married, wentb) had come, married, went
c) had come, married, had been going
2.11. There is a hole in the sky, and we it.
a) have been creatingb) createdc) have created
2.12. Modern science to produce fibres by chemical and technical means.
a) has learnedb) has been learningc) had learned
2.13. In 1881 the United States Lawn Tennis Association the first
championship in Newport.
a) had been sponsoringb) had sponsoredc) sponsored
2.14. After he the horror story by Edgar Allan Poe, Marvin a great plan for his
revenge.
a) had been reading, hadb) read, hadc) was reading, had had
2.15. Some of the boys from the waiting-room, where they themselves by the red
stove.
a) had come, had warmed b) came, warmed c) came, had been warming
2.16. Once you your subject and limited the scope of your description, you ready
to select the best descriptive details.
a) have chosen, will be b) chose, would be c) have been choosing, will be
2.17. It the whole day yesterday, that's why we couldn't go to the
railway station with Mr. Rogers.
a) has been snowingb) was snowingc) had been snowing
2.18. After he out of the window for about five minutes he to write something
in his note-book.
a) had been looking, began b) had looked, had began c) was looking, began

2.19. The boat a bridge and the man a	t the wheel the usual warning by shouting,
«Look out!»	
a) had been approaching, was giving	
b) had approached, gave	c) was approaching, gave
2.20. At 10 o'clock on Sunday I my	Mum with her flowers, that's why I couldn't
visit you.	
a) helpedb) was helping	c) had been helping
Level 3	
3.1. When I out of the shower, Dad	me that I a phone call from the coach
saying that I made the team.	
a) got, told, had gotb) h	ad got, was telling, had got
c) got, told, had been getting d) g	ot, told, got
3.2. Researchers the link between mi	nd and body for the past ten years.
a) studiedb) w	vill have been studying
c) had studied d) h	ave been studying
3.3. That action alone told her that he	
a) had never truly loved herb) r	never loved her truly
c) had never been loving her truly d) n	ever was loving her truly
3.4. The Counsel for the defense then b	began to cross-examine the witness. He asked
her «How long the accused?»	
a) do you knowb) l	nave you known
c) did you know d) h	nave you been knowing
3.5. He in the chair when a tall wom	an with beautiful grey hair and silver, finely-
wrinkled skin in.	
a) sat, cameb) w	vas sitting, came
c) was sitting, was coming d) h	ad been sitting, came
3.6. Susan didn't even know which hotel	he in Paris.
a) has been usingb) usedc) wou	ld be using d) will use
3.7. The boy bitterly and no one to	calm him down.

a) still cried, was trying	b) was still crying, tried
c) had been still crying, was trying	d) was still crying, had tried
3.8. I at the hotel only two days v	when I notice to leave it.
a) had been staying, was given	b) stayed, had been given
c) was staying, had given	d) stayed, was given
3.9. You understand, Mr. Holder, the	nat I you a strong proof of confidence which I
have in you, founded upon all that I .	of you.
a) give, have been hearing	b) am giving, have heard
c) am giving, had heard	d) have been giving, heard
3.10. Miss Robinson driving less	ons and trying to pass her driving test for several
years, but she every time.	
a) had been taking, failed	b) had been taking, fails
c) took, was failing	d) has taken, was failed
3.11. I for you for about three he	ours.
a) was waitingb) have waited	c) waited d) have been waiting
3.12. The grey pavement, but .	still dangerously slippery, so that there fewer
passengers than usual.	
a) had been cleaned and scraped, wa	as, were
b) was cleaned and scraped, had bee	en, were
c) is cleaned and scraped, is, are	
d) had been cleaning and scraping,	was, was
3.13. When we coffee in the dra	wing-room that night after dinner, I Arthur and
Mary my experience.	
a) were taking, told	b) had been taking, had told
c) were taking, had told	d) took, told
3.14. Two hansoms at the door, a	nd as I the passage I the sound of voices from
above.	
a) stood, entered, heard	b) were standing, entered, heard
c) were standing, had entered, had he	eard d) had been standing, entered, heard

- He quickly forgot everything he ... at school. a) learnt **b**) had learnt c) had been learning **d)** was learning **3.16.** I ... at the hotel for a fortnight when I received your letter. c) had stayed a) stayed **b)** was staying **d**) had been staying I ... over the phone for a whole hour when the porter knocked at the door. 3.17. **b**) had talked c) had been talking d) was talking a) talked
- **3.18.** Alice closed the magazine and rose from the sofa on which she ... for more than two hours.
- a) layb) had been lyingc) was lyingd) had lain
- **3.19.** I hardly ... speaking with the porter when the phone rang again.
- a) finishedb) had finishedc) was finishingd) had been finishing
- **3.20.** We ... along a forest road for two hours when we saw a house.
- a) were walking b) had been walking c) had walked d) walked

Choose the correct translation

1. My uncle has been working at this plant for twenty years already.

- а) Мій дядько працював на цьому заводі двадцять років.
- **b**) Моя тітка працює на цьому заводі вже двадцять років.
- с) Мій дядько працює на цьому заводі вже двадцять років.
- **d)** Мій дядько працював би на цьому заводі двадцять років.

2. We have been learning English for seven years at school.

- а) Ми вивчаємо англійську мову в школі сім років.
- **b**) Ми вивчали англійську мову в школі сім років.
- с) Ми вивчаємо англійську мову в школі із семи років.
- **d**) Ми вивчаємо англійську мову в школі тільки сім років.

3. I have been waiting for them since five o'clock.

- а) Я чекаю на них рівно о п'ятій годині.
- **b**) Я чекала на них із п'ятої години.
- с) Я чекатиму їх із п'ятої години.

- **d)** Я чекаю на них із п'ятої години.
- 4. It has been raining since morning.
- а) Дощ іде ще зранку.
- **b)** Дощ пішов вранці.
- с) Дощ іде вранці.
- \mathbf{d}) Дощ ма ϵ йти зранку.
- 5. The boy has been looking for a book for a quarter of an hour already.
- а) Хлопчик шукає книжку вже чверть години.
- **b)** Хлопчик переглядає книжку вже чверть години.
- с) Хлопчик шукав книжку чверть години.
- **d)** Хлопчик мав переглядати книжку чверть години.
- 6. I had been sleeping for an hour already when he came.
- а) Я вже годину спала, коли він прийшов.
- **b**) Я спатиму годину, коли він прийде.
- с) Я спала годину, коли він пішов.
- **d**) Я спала, коли він прийшов.
- 7. They had been living in this building for thirty years by that time.
- а) До того часу вони жили в цьому будинку тридцять років.
- **b**) До цього часу вони живуть в цьому будинку тридцять років
- с) До того часу вони живуть в цьому будинку тридцять років.
- **d**) До цього часу вони жили у цьому будинку тридцять років.
- 8. I had been packing my things for an hour and half already when you rang.
- а) Я пакувала речі вже півтори години, коли ви зателефонували.
- **b**) Я пакую речі вже півтори години, а ви телефонуєте.
- с) Я пакувала речі вже півгодини, коли ви зателефонували.
- **d**) Я пакуватиму речі півтори години, коли ви зателефонуєте.
- 9. The children had been skating for an hour before their mother asked them to come back home.

- **а)** Діти катаються на ковзанах годину перед тим, як мама просить їх повернутися додому.
- **b)** Діти каталися на ковзанах перед тим, як мама попросила їх повернутися додому.
- **c**) Діти каталися на лижах годину перед тим, як мама попросила їх повернутися додому.
- **d**) Діти каталися на ковзанах годину перед тим, як мама попросила їх повернутися додому.

10. Вона працює на цьому заводі вже п'ять років.

- a) She is working at this plant for five years.
- **b)** She has been working at this plant for five years.
- c) She works at this plant for five years.
- **d**) She was working at this plant for five years.

F Writing

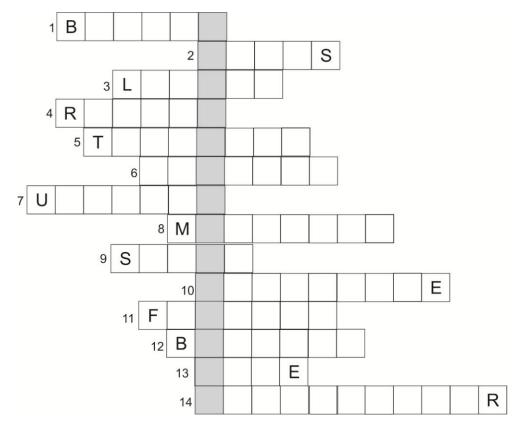
You're the librarian at your school. The head teacher has asked you to buy some, more materials for the library. You can choose from the following.

- books, including fiction for teenagers, poetry, special interest and hobby books
 (€10 each)
- magazine subscription for one year (either a music magazine or a fashion magazine) (€50)
- educational CD- ROMS for science, history and technology (€20 each)
- a set of encyclopedias (€100)

Your budget constraint is €200.

TEST 2

A Complete the puzzle with words from units 5 to 8. Can you find the highlighted phrase?



CLUES

- 1 Combination of goods that a consumer spends money on like chocolate and a bottle of water.
- 2 The money that companies spend.
- 3 Work or effort.
- 4 Constant _____ to scale.
- 5 When a company buys another company to control it.
- 6 Difficult to solve.
- 7 The economist's word for the satisfaction you get from something.
- 8 A market structure where one company has the largest market share.
- 9 This can happen to the demand curve right or left.
- 10 Pure monopoly and perfect competition are examples of market ______.
- 11 Land, labour and capital are three _____ of production.
- 12 Something that stops a company entering the market.

- 13 Henry Ford invented the production _____.
- 14 Tins person is the fourth factor of production.

B Find eight pairs of words that make expressions we use in economics.

- **■**budget **■** choice **■** constraint I consumer **■** cost **■** diminishing I increased **■** intensive
 - labour I marginal opportunity output I price returns taker utility
- C The words in bold in the letter opposite are in the wrong places. Correct the letter by putting the words in the correct places.

Dear Mr Snape,

I am sorry to have to write to you with bad news. After 35 years as one of Bollington's top printing companies, we have decided to close the business down.

In the last five years P&Q Printing have made many aggressive (1) skills of other companies. Furthermore, with their modern factories, P&Q operate an economy of (2) staff which is difficult for us to compete with. Their factory here in Bollington produces over 2,000 books per month. This is double the (3) takeovers of our traditional printing methods. Moreover, they can provide (4) warehouses for their products. Their large (5) Dstorage enable them to do this. This also helps them keep costs down.

Of course, our decision means that our (6) scale will lose their jobs. This is very sad, as they have all taken (7)Dafford in their work over the years. However, we simply cannot (8) pride to pay their salaries anymore. The only good thing is that they all have valuable (9)Dproductivity and I am sure they will find work quickly.

I will write to you again with further details as soon as I have them.

Yours sincerely,

John Ink

Managing Director

D Entrepreneurship is the fourth factor of production. Listen and tick the things in the list below entrepreneurs bring to the economy.

1 managing people 6 finding new markets

2 motivating people 7 making profits

3 finding solutions to problems 8 organising things

4 communicating with customers 9 taking risks

5 inventing new products

E Do grammar tests

Choose the correct item

Level 1

1.1. Mary said, "I'm very tired today, I'll do it tomorrow."

- a) Mary said she was very tired that day, she would do it the next day.
- b) Mary said she was very tired today, she would do it next day.

1.2. Johnny asked his mother, "May I go for a walk with my friends?"

- a) Johnny asked his mother if he may go for a walk with his friends.
- b) Johnny asked his mother whether he might go for a walk with his friends.

1.3. "I have bought everything you asked me yesterday," my husband said.

- a) My husband said that he had bought everything I had asked him the day before.
- b) My husband said that he bought everything I had asked him yesterday.

1.4. "If you want to help me, give that hammer, please," he asked his daughter.

- a) He said to his daughter that if she wants to help me, she should give me that hammer.
- b) He said to his daughter that if she wanted to help him, she should give him that hammer.

1.5. "Can you lend me some money?" Mr. Longer said.

- a) Mr. Longer asked me if I can lend him some money.
- b) Mr. Longer asked me if I could lend him some money.
- 1.6. "If you don't want to have any problems with your examination test, you should work as hard as you can!" our English teacher said to us.

- a) Our English teacher said to us that if we didn't want to have any problems with our examination test, we should work as hard as we could.
- b) Our English teacher said to us that whether we hadn't wanted to have any problems with our examination test, we should work as hard as we can.

1.7. Bob told me, "I need to talk you."

- a) Bob told me that he needed to talk to you.
- b) Bob told me that he needed to talk to me.

1.8. My parents asked me, "Are you hungry?"

- a) My parents asked me if I was hungry.
- b) My parents asked me if was I hungry.

1.9. The policeman asked me, "Where do you live?"

- a) The policeman asked me, where did I live.
- b) The policeman asked me, where I lived.

1.10. "I have been waiting for you for an hour! Where have you been?" Helen asked me nervously.

- a) Helen asked me nervously where I have been, because she has been waiting for me for an hour.
- b) Helen said to me nervously that she had been waiting for me for an hour, and asked where I had been.

1.11. "Where is my money?" Michael asked his wife.

- a) Michael asked his wife where his money was.
- b) Michael asked his wife where was his money.

1.12. "Did you finish your homework?" my little brother asked me.

- a) My little brother asked me if I finished my homework.
- b) My little brother asked me if I had finished my homework.

1.13. "Don't take my pen, use yours," Nina said to Alec.

- a) Nina told Alec don't take her pen but to use his.
- b) Nina told Alec to use his pen and not to take hers.

1.14. "Are you going to pick up the phone?" Miranda asked him.

- a) Miranda asked him whether he was going to pick up the phone.
- b) Miranda asked him if was he going to pick up the phone.

1.15. "There is no paper in the box," he said.

- a) He said there is no paper in the box.
- b) He said that there wasn't any paper in the box.

1.16. "Put on the jacket!" my mother said when I was going to leave.

- a) When I was going to leave, my mother suggested me to put on the jacket.
- b) When I was going to leave, my mother suggested that I should put on the jacket.

1.17. "Would you like another cup of coffee?" the waiter asked me politely.

- a) The waiter asked me politely would I like another cup of coffee.
- b) The waiter asked me politely whether I'd like another cup of coffee.

1.18. "If anyone calls me," he said "say that I'm out."

- a) He said that if anyone called him, he was out.
- b) He said that if anyone calls him, he is out.

1.19. "Are you busy?" I asked the secretary.

- a) I asked the secretary whether she was busy.
- b) I asked the secretary whether if she is busy.

1.20. "Be ready at five o'clock we must be at the business centre," said Angela.

- a) Angela told me to be ready, because at five o'clock we had to be at the business centre.
- b) Angela said me to be ready, and that at five o'clock we must be at the business centre.

Level 2

2.1. "Where are you going?" the teacher asked Michael.

- a)The teacher asked Michael where he was going.
- b) The teacher asked Michael where was he going.
- c) The teacher asked Michael where he is going.

2.2. A policeman came up to my elder son and asked, "Do you have a driving license?"

- a) A policeman came up to my elder son and asked if he has a driving license.
- b) A policeman came up to my elder son and asked whether had he had a driving license.
- c) A policeman came up to my elder son and asked whether he had a driving license.

2.3. "My girl-friend will be here tomorrow," said Andrew.

- a) Andrew said that his girl-friend would be here tomorrow.
- b) Andrew said that his girl-friend would be there the next day.
- c) Andrew said that his girl-friend will be here the next day.

2.4. "My group mate and I are going to another party tonight," Ann boasted.

- a) Ann boasted that my group mate and she were going to another party tonight.
- b) Ann boasted that her group mate and I were going to another party that night.
- c) Ann boasted that her group mate and she were going to another party that night.

2.5. "I wrote to my pen-friend to New York yesterday," said my nephew.

- a) My nephew said that he had written to his pen-friend to New York the day before.
- b) My nephew said that he had wrote to his pen-friend to New York the day before.
- c) My nephew said that he wrote to his pen-friend to New York yesterday.

2.6. "At two o'clock tomorrow I'll be having a music lesson," my child said.

- a) My child said at two o'clock the following day he'll be having a music lesson.
- b) My child said that at two o'clock the following day he would be having a music lesson.
- c) My child said that at two o'clock tomorrow he would be having a music lesson.

2.7. "How about going for a walk?" I said to them.

- a) I suggested going for a walk.
- b) I suggested them to go for a walk.
- c) I asked them how about going for a walk.

2.8. "Let's eat out this evening," Emma said to her husband.

- a) Emma offered that they eat out that evening.
- b) Emma suggested eating out that evening.
- c) Emma said that they should eat out this evening.

2.9. My younger sister said, "Please help me with this task."

- a) My younger sister asked me to help her with this task.
- b) My younger sister asked if I help her with that task.
- c) My younger sister asked me to help her with that task.

2.10. "Don't forget to phone your parents," my aunt said to me.

- a) My aunt said me to phone my parents.
- b) My aunt told me don't forget to phone my parents.
- c) My aunt reminded me to phone my parents.

2.11. "Stop making such a noise or I'll send you out," the teacher said.

- a) The teacher threatened to send us out if we don't stop making such a noise.
- b) The teacher threatened to send us out if we didn't stop making such a noise.
- c) The teacher said us to stop making such a noise or she would send us out.

2.12. "There is nothing else I can do," she said.

- a) She explained there was nothing else she could do.
- b) She said that there was nothing else she can do.
- c) She said that there is nothing else she can do.

2.13. "What a beautiful dress you are wearing!" my colleague said.

- a) My colleague exclaimed what a beautiful dress I am wearing.
- b) My colleague said that I am wearing a beautiful dress.
- c) My colleague exclaimed that I was wearing a beautiful dress.

2.14. "I'm the best dancer of all of you," Chris said.

- a) Chris boasted that he is the best dancer of all of you.
- b) Chris boasted that he was the best dancer of all of us.
- c) Chris said that he is the best dancer of all of us.

2.15. "Please, please don't tell my mother about my bad mark for the dictation," she begged me.

- a) She begged me don't tell her mother about her bad mark for the dictation.
- b) She begged me not to tell my mother about my bad mark for the dictation.
- c) She begged me not to tell her mother about her bad mark for the dictation.

2.16. "Are you busy?" my chief asked me. "I need to talk to you."

- a) My chief asked me if was I busy because he needed to talk to me.
- b) My chief asked me if I was busy because he needed to talk to me.
- c) My chief asked me if I was busy because he needs to talk to me.

2.17. "You're twenty minutes late," she said to her boy-friend. "I was about to go home."

- a) She said to her boy-friend that he was late and added that she was about to go home.
- b) She told to her boy-friend that he was late and went on to say that she had been about to go home.
- c) She said to her boy-friend he had been late and went on to say she had been about to go home.

2.18. "I'm very tired," Mum said. "I've been working hard the whole week."

- a) Mum said she was very tired and she explained she has worked hard the whole week.
- b) Mum said that she is very tired, explaining that she had been working hard the whole week.
- c) Mum said that she was very tired, explaining that she had been working hard the whole week.

2.19. "Are you leaving now?" Paul said. "I'll give you a lift."

- a) Paul asked if I was leaving now and went on to say that he will give me a lift.
- b) Paul asked if I was leaving then and went on to say that he would give me a lift.
- c) Paul asked if was I leaving then and went on to say that he would give me a lift.

2.20. "I'm sorry I'm late. I lost my way," he said to our guide.

- a) He apologized for being late, explaining that he had lost his way.
- b) He said to our guide that he is sorry he is late, explaining that he lost his way.
- c) He apologized for being late, explaining that he lost his way.

Level 3

- 3.1. And he said to her, "No, but I have been cruel to my mother, and as a punishment this evil has been sent to me. Therefore I must go and wander through the world till I find her, and she gives me forgiveness."
- a) He said to her that he was cruel to his mother, and as a punishment this evil had been sent to him. Therefore he must go and wander through the world till he would find her, and she would give him forgiveness.
- b) He said to her that he had been cruel to his mother, and as a punishment that evil had been sent to him. Therefore he had to go and wander through the world till he found her, and she gave him forgiveness.
- c) He said to her that he had been cruel to his mother, and as a punishment that evil was sent to him. Therefore he was to go and wander through the world till he finds her, and she gives him forgiveness.
- d) He said to her that he was cruel to his mother, and as a punishment that evil had been sent to him. Therefore he had to go and wander through the world till he found her, and she gave him forgiveness.

3.2. "How many raises have you handed our in your life?" asked Rosy.

- a) Rosy asked how many raises have you handed out in your life.
- b) Rosy asked how many raises had you handed out in your life.
- c) Rosy asked how many raises I handed out in my life.
- d) Rosy asked how many raises I had handed out in my life.

3.3. "How do people get such beautiful lawns?" Mr. Anderson asked. "Ours are never as good as these."

- a) Mr. Anderson wondered how people got such beautiful lawns, because theirs were never as good as those.
- b) Mr. Anderson asked how people got such beautiful lawns, his were never as good as this.
- c) Mr. Anderson asked how had people got such beautiful lawns, because ours had never been as good as those.

d) Mr. Anderson asked how do people get such beautiful lawns, because theirs are never as good as this.

3.4. Jane asked me, "Can you tell me what the writing on that stone over the door means?"

- a) Jane asked me whether could I tell her what the writing on that stone over the door was meaning.
- b) Jane asked me if I can tell she what the writing on that stone over the door means.
- c) Jane asked me if I could tell her what the writing on that stone over the door meant.
- d) Jane asked me whether I was able to tell her what the writing on that stone over the door had meant.

3.5. "Have you had hair cut?" my cousin asked me. "It looks great."

- a) My cousin asked me if I had been cutting my hair and added that it was looking great.
- b) My cousin asked me whether I had my hair cut and added it looked great.
- c) My cousin asked me if I had had my hair cut and went on saying that it looked great.
- d) My cousin asked me had I had my hair cut and went on to say it looked great.

3.6. "I'll punish you if you come late again," Dad said.

- a) Dad said to me he'll punish me if I come late again.
- b) Dad threatened that he would punish me if I would come late again.
- c) Dad threatened to punish me if I came late again.
- d) Dad said that he would punish me if I was coming late again.

3.7. "We could for a picnic tomorrow if you like," said David.

- a) David suggested going for a picnic the following day.
- b) David said that we could go for a picnic tomorrow if we like.
- c) David said that they could go for a picnic the following day if they like.
- d) David said that they could go for a picnic the next day if they were liking.

3.8. "I'll phone your parents if you don't do as I say," the teacher said to the pupil.

- a) The teacher said to the pupil to phone to his parents if he didn't do as she said.
- b) The teacher threatened to phone the pupil's parents if he didn't do as she said.
- c) The teacher threatened to phone the pupil's parents if he wouldn't do as she said.

d) The teacher said to the pupil that he would phone to his parents if he didn't do as the teacher had said.

3.9. My friend said, "I'm nervous because I've never been on a plane before."

- a) My friend said she was nervous because she has never been on a plane before.
- b) My friend said she was nervous because she had never been on a plane before.
- c) My friend said she was nervous because she never was on a plane before.
- d) My friend said she is nervous because she never was on a plane before.

3.10. "I didn't telephone you, because it was late, and I didn't want to trouble you," she answered.

- a) She answered that she didn't telephone you, because it was late and she didn't want to trouble you.
- b) She answered that she hadn't telephoned me because it had been late, and she hadn't want to trouble me.
- c) She answered that she hadn't telephoned me because it was late, and she didn't want to trouble me.
- d) She answered that she didn't telephone me, because it was late and she didn't want to trouble me.

3.11. "I'll will start late tonight and ride to Borgo San Lorenzo," she said.

- a) She said that she will start late tonight and ride to Borgo San Lorenzo.
- b) She said I would start late that night and ride to Borgo San Lorenzo.
- c) She said she would start late that night and ride to Borgo San Lorenzo.
- d) She said that she would start late tonight and ride to Borgo San Lorenzo.

3.12. "Do you imagine that I have no respect for your medical talents?" he asked.

- a) He asked me if I imagined that he had no respect for my medical talents.
- b) He asked me if I had imagined that he had no respect for my medical talents.
- c) He asked me whether I didn't imagine that he had no respect for my medical talents.
- d) He asked me did I imagine that he had no respect for my medical talents.

3.13. "If I am to have a doctor whether I will or not, let me at least have someone in whom I have confidence," said he.

- a) He said that if he was to have a doctor whether he would or not, he would like at least have someone in whom he had confidence.
- b) He suggested having someone in whom he had confidence, if he was to have a doctor.
- c) He suggested having someone in whom he had confidence, if he was to have a doctor, whether he would or not.
- d) He explained it to me that if he was to have a doctor whether he would or not, he would like at least have someone in whom he had confidence.

3.14. "I'll work in a bank," he said to himself, "because my uncle has always worked in one."

- a) He said to himself that he would work in a bank because his uncle had always worked in one.
- b) He said to himself that I would work in a bank because my uncle had always worked in one.
- c) He said to himself that he will work in a bank because his uncle has always worked in one.
- d) He said to himself that he would work in a bank because his uncle always worked in one.

3.15. "Do you really think that you can outsmart me?" Angela asked.

- a) Angela asked if did I really think that I can outsmart her.
- b) Angela asked me if did I really think that I could outsmart her.
- c) Angela asked me if I really thought that I could outsmart her.
- d) Angela asked me if I really had thought that you could outsmart me.

3.16. "Well," she said, "aren't you going to come in and talk to us? We want to hear what you've decided."

- a) She suggested me to come in and talk to them, because they wanted to hear what I had decided.
- b) She said to me to come in and talk to them, because they wanted to hear what I decided.

- c) She wondered if I was going to come in and talk to them, explaining that they wanted to hear what I had decided.
- d) She asked me whether I was going to come in and talk to them, because they wanted to hear what I have decided.

3.17. One of the soldiers said, "By the time we reach the hill the enemy will have cut us off from the rest of our men."

- a) One of the soldiers said that by the time they reached the hill the enemy would have cut them off from the rest of their men.
- b) One of the soldiers said that by the time they would reach the hill the enemy would have cut them off from the rest of their men.
- c) One of the soldiers said that by the time they reached the hill the enemy would had cut them off from the rest of their men.
- d) One of the soldiers said that by the time they reached to the hill the enemy will have cut us off from the rest of our men.

3.18. "Well," his friend said, "stop going to your office by car, and get a bicycle."

- a) His friend said him stop going to his office by car, and get a bicycle.
- b) His friend suggested that he should get a bicycle instead of going to the office by car.
- c) His friend suggested him stopping going to your office by car, and get a bicycle.
- d) His friend said him to stop going to his office by car, and get a bicycle.

3.19. "Last night I dreamed I went to Manderley again," Rebecca said.

- a) Rebecca said that last night she had dreamed she went to Manderley again.
- b) Rebecca said that the night before she had dreamed she had gone to Manderley again.
- c) Rebecca said that the last night she dreamed she had gone to Manderley again.
- d) Rebecca said that the last night she was dreaming she went to Manderley again.

3.20. "Relations are simply a tedious pack of people, who haven't got the slightest knowledge of how to live, nor the smallest instinct about when to die," she said.

a) She said that relations are simply a tedious pack of people, who haven't got the slightest knowledge of how to live, nor the smallest instinct about when to die.

b) She said that relations had been simply a tedious pack of people, who hadn't got the

slightest knowledge of how to live, nor the smallest instinct about when to die.

c) She said that relations were simply a tedious pack of people, who hadn't got the

slightest knowledge of how to live, nor the smallest instinct about when to die.

d) She said that relations was simply a tedious pack of people, who didn't get the

slightest knowledge of how to live, nor the smallest instinct about when to die.

F Writing

You have seen this job advertised in a newspaper. Write a letter of application for the

job.

Required: Summer Camp Team Leader

We are looking for suitably qualified and experienced team loaders for cm summer

camps for young children (aged seven to twelve). Children come from all over Europe

to our camps and take part in a variety of outdoor activities (camping, canoeing,

climbing, trekking, etc).

Suitable candidates should have proven experience of working with this age group and

have the necessary skills and qualifications.

Send letters of application to:

Ms Gibson Summer Fun Camps Wayfield Norfolk England

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TEST 3

A1 Match words from box A to words in box B to make expressions we use in

economics. You can use words in box B more than once.
A
absolute aggregate disposable fiscal income mixed monetary pension
poverty public relative
В
demand gap goods income policy poverty scheme trap
A2 Now match the expressions to their meanings.
1 services that the government provides because no one else will
2 services and goods that the government provides because they are good for us
3 not having enough money to survive
4 to be much poorer than other people in the same country
5 the government's decisions about taxation and spending
6 the government's decisions about interest rates and money in the economy
7 the money you can spend after you have paid tax
8 a situation in which it is impossible to escape from being poor
9 all the services and goods that are bought in the economy
10 a way to save money for old age
11 the difference between the highest earners and the lowest earners

B The words in bold in this newspaper story has been wrongly printed. Put the letters in the correct order to make the right word.

Economic hard times set to continue

The government released more gloomy economic figures today. Unemployment has risen again this month and now ten per cent of the (1) **krowforec** are without a job. At the same time, the Bank of England has said that (2) **vinnetmest** by companies has

decreased dramatically. 'Businesses simply don't want to be involved in (3) **srki-agtkni** when the economy is like this.' commented John Cash, a senior director with the bank. But the people worst affected are the unemployed and their families. Many are now spending their life (4) **gisvans** in order to survive. Government Minister, Alison Wellby said yesterday that, 'The (5) **frelwae** of ordinary people is our most important concern'. To prove this, the government has promised to increase spending on (6) **frantres** payments such as unemployment (2) **fitsbeen**. However, this could be a sign that the (8) **cresseion** will probably continue into next year. It seems that even in the (9) **glon nur** things are not looking good.

C Listen and complete the summary with words or numbers.

The online auction site eBay was started in (1) D by Pierre Omidyar. He
started it as a (2) but it became a huge business. On eBay, sellers show
what they have and buyers make (3) for the item. The highest bidder
wins. The system is an example of (4) degree price discrimination and it is
very successful. Worldwide, the website has (5) users. It trades \$1.800 worth
of goods every (6) The most expensive item sold on eBay was an (7)
It sold for \$ (8)

D Do grammar tests

Choose the correct item

Level 1

- 1. If ... for a walk, we will take the dog with us.
- a) we will go b) we go c) we would go d) we have go
- **2.** When they ... the criminals, I shall get my car back.
- a) catch b) catches c) will catch d) shall catch
- **3.** Will she be upset if she ... the news?
- a) heard b) is hearing c) hears d) had heard
- **4.** If you boil the water for a long time, it ... disappear into the atmosphere.

a) would have b) will have c) would d) will
5. Paul will ruin his jeans if he that tree.
a) climbs b) will climb c) climbed d) climb
6. If a stone into the sea it will sink.
a) you will throw b) you would throw
c) you throw d) you threw
7. If he drops out of college he to look for a job.
a) have b) should have
c) will have d) would have
8. You will catch cold if you in rain.
a) go out b) went out c) gone out d) would go out
9. If you don't eat vegetables, you a balanced diet.
a) wouldn't have b) shall have c) shall not have d) will not have
10. If he, tell him I'm busy.
a) will call b) call c) called d) calls
11. Martin that if you look after your body it will look after you.
a) think b) believes c) believed d) thought
12. If I don't know the answer, I ask you.
a) shall b) should c) had d) have
13. You late for school if you don't leave now.
a) is b) are being c) are d) will be
14. If I had some scissors o I you them.
a) would lend b) had lent
c) would have lent d) lent
15. Will these matches strike if we them up?
a) dried b) dry c) will dry d) dries
16. If she work harder at school, she will never get a good job.
a) do b) isn't c) don't d) doesn't
17. If I a computer, I would use the Internet.

a) had b) have c) has d) has got
18. She will have to change if her jeans
a) are dirty b) has been dirty c) was dirty d) is dirty
19. I shall go to the baseball game if it tonight.
a) doesn't rain b) don't rain c) rains not d) isn't rain
20. I tell her anything if she calls.
a) would not b) shall not c) will have d) doesn't
21. If you, you will damage your lungs.
a) will smoke b) smoke c) smoked d) would smoke
22. If I have enough apples I an apple pie this afternoon.
a) will bake b) would bake c) could bake d) bake
23. We shall go to the Zoo if the weather nice tomorrow.
a) would be b) will be c) isn't d) is
24. If you eat too many sweets, gain weight.
a) you will b) you would c) you are d) you have
25. What will you do if your computer work?
a) won't b) don't c) doesn't d) couldn't
26. you go out with me on Saturday night if you finish the project?
a) Will b) Shall c) Would d)Do
27 some interesting information if you go to the library.
a) You will founded b) You would founded
c) You would find d) You will find
28. If they, tell them I shall be back at 11.00.
a) phones b) would phone c) will phone d) phone
29. Write your name and address on your bag in case you it.
a) will lose b) lose c) lost d) would
30. I'll draw a map for you in case you find our house.
a) can't b) could c) can d) couldn't
31. He is busy right now, but if he, he would help us.

a) is b) were c) weren't d) isn't
32. If she married, she will probably move to France.
a) gets b) get c) got d) gotten
33. If I they are honest, I would gladly lend them the money.
a) known b) knows c) know d) knew
34 spend next year studying in Japan if I could speak Japanese.
a) I would b) I will c) I have d) I am
35. Where would you go if someone you the chance to go on a virtual holiday?
a) gives b) give c) gave d) given
36. If more male teachers, teaching could become a better-paid profession.
a) there were b) there was c) there weren't d) there wasn't
37. If I some wrapping paper at the shop, I shall buy some for you.
a) will find b) find c) shall find d) found
38. I come if I knew someone is here.
a) has not b) will not c) have not d) would not
39. They will tell you if they their mind.
a) will change b) change c) changed d) would change
40. If you have enough time, your parents a letter, please.
a) you would write b) you have write c) you write d) write
41. Water will freeze if the temperature 0°C.
a) reaches b) reach c) would reach d) will reach
42. If anyone calls, please a message.
a) you take b) would take c) will take d)take
43. Where shall I go if I to study German?
a) would want b) wanted c) want d) should want
44. If she at home, she will answer the phone.
a) was b) is c) were d) will be
45. If Claire to work hard, she will pass the exam easily.
a) will continue b) continues c) continued d) would continue

46. What are you going to wear to class if it cold tomorrow?				
a) is b) will be c) would be d) shall be				
47 you going to the mountains if it's cold tomorrow?				
a) Should b) Would c) Will d)Are				
48. People to swim in the lake, if they clean it up.				
a) have been able b) will be able c) would be able d) were able				
49. If she a year older, she could get a driver's license,				
a) will be b) is c) were d) would be				
50. Joanna may swim today if the sun				
a) come out b) comes out c) came out d) will come out				
51. What will you call the baby if it a girl?				
a) will be b) is c) would be d) was				
52. If the dog keeps barking, let it out.				
a) I shall b) 1 would c) I have d) I am				
53. If you take my advice, your troubles over.				
a) shall be b) would be c) will be d) shall have been				
54. If Kitty taller, she would reach the cupboard.				
a) would be b) should be c) is d) were				
55. You will get into trouble if you pay your taxes.				
a) wouldn't b) will not c) don't d) have not				
56 I have a garage if I move to that apartment?				
a) Will b) Would c) Should d) Do				
57 . Father will be furious if he ever out about it.				
a) find b) finds c) will find d) would find				
58. If he mows our lawn, have to give him money.				
a) we would b) we are c) we should d) we shall				
59. He would stay longer if he time.				
a) has b) had had c) has had d) had				
60. he create jobs if he becomes the president of the company?				

a) Would	b) Will	c) Should	d) Does	
61. If I the question, I would be able to answer it.				
a) would under	a) would understand b) will understand		rstand	
c) understood		d) had understood		
62. If we our tickets, they wouldn't let us in.				
a) have forgotten b) will forget c) would forget d) forgot				
63. We shall go skiing in the mountains if it				
a) snowed	b) will snow	c) snows	d) would snow	
64. Perhaps 1 there too if you moved over a little.				
a) could sit	b) can sit	c) can't sit	d) am able	
65. If he at night, his telephone bill won't be so high.				
a) called b) will call c) call d) calls				
66. If you eat so many sweets, you stomach-ache.				
a) would get b) have get c) will get d) would gotten				
67 phone you if she arrives earlier than planned.				
a) She will	b) She has	c) She would	d) She have	
68. You can see the boss if he too busy.				
a) is not	b) was not	c) were no	t d) will not	
69. We would go by plane if it cheaper.				
a) would be	b) will be	c) is d) were	e	
70. The table will fall if you on it.				
a) stand b)	stood c) stand	ding d) were	estanding	
71. Will you teach me to dance the tango if I you learn English?				
a) helped b)	help c) will	help d) wou	ld help	
72 I were you, I should never agree to do it.				
a) In case b) Unless" c) When d) If				
73. If he the exam he can do it again.				
a) failed b) fail c) fails d) will fail				
74. If fire, the alarm will ring.				

a) there is b) there will be c) there are d) there was
75 . I shall be surprised if Martin and Julia
a) married b) will get married
c) get married d) got married
76. If you are late this evening, 1 wait for you.
a) have not b) would not c) should not d) shall not
77. What will happen if my parachute ?
a) don't open b) doesn't open c) won't open d) will not open
78. This room would be nicer if some nice pictures on the wall.
a) there are b) there were c) are there d) were there
79. Life boring if every day were the same.
a) will be b) should be c) would be d) will have been
80. If you blue and yellow, you will get green.
a) mix b) mixes c) mixed d) would mix
81. We all our friends to stay if we had a bigger house.
a) had invite b) need invite c) must invited d) could invite
82. If you this job, are you going to take it?
a) offered b) are offered c) offer d) have offered
83. If I anywhere in the world, I should go to Antarctica.
a) would have gone b) will go
c) had gone d) could go
84. I would not be happy if I any friends.
a) had b) hadn't had c) didn't have d) wouldn't have
85. If I an accident in the street, I would call the police.
a) had seen b) seen c) see d) saw
86. The world would be a better place if there no guns.
a) was b) were c) weren't d) wasn't
87. We shall have to go without John if he arrive soon,
a) don't b) didn't c) doesn't d) won't

88. If it gets too not inside, the conditioning.
a) turned on b) turn on c) turned d) had turned
89. I am not tired enough to go to bed yet. I wouldn't sleep if I to bed now.
a) would go b) had gone
c) would have gone d) went
90. If you put water in the freezer, become ice.
a) it is b) it has c) it was d) it will
91. I must hurry. My friend will be annoyed if not on time.
a) I shall b) I have c) I would d) I am
92. If the phone, can you answer it?
a) rang b) rings c) ring d) rung
93. What you do if you don't find where to live?
a) could b) should c) would d) will
94. Who would you phone if you in trouble?
a) will be b) are c) were d) would be
95. You come to the party if you don't want to.
a) mustn't b) wouldn't c) needn't d) hadn't
96. I shall have a word with Jack if he at home.
a) will be b) would be c) were d) is
97. If the bus this afternoon, she will get a taxi instead.
a) she miss b) she misses c) she will miss d) she would miss
98. If it rains, the roads slippery.
a) would get b) could get c) must get d) will get
99. When he this job, he will be able to buy his own flat.
a) get b)gets c) will get d) would
100. How much will he earn if he a job?
a) get b)gets c) got d) gotten
Level 2
1. People would go out more if no television.

a) there were b) there wasn't c) there is d) there isn't
2. If I my job properly, I wouldn't be a manager.
a) hadn't done b) didn't do c) wouldn't do d) shouldn't do
3 I were you, I would always wear a helmet on a bike.
a) When b) Whether c) Unless d) If
4. If we faster, we would catch up with the first car.
a) drive b) driven c) drove d) driving
5. If you could be someone else, who like to be ?
a) would you b) you would c) should you d) you should
6. If I didn't read newspapers, I what is happening in the world.
a) wouldn't have known b) didn't know
c) hadn't known d) wouldn't know
7. They would stay at home if they the guests to come .
a) had expected b) expected c) would expect d) expect
8. If you didn't go to bed so late every night, you all the time.
a) wouldn't tired b) shouldn't tired
c) would be tired d) wouldn't be tired
9. If we don't protect wildlife now, nothing left for further generations.
a) there will be b) there won't be c) there isn't d) there wasn't
10. If I another job, I would take it immediately.
a) am offered b) are offered c) will be offered d) were offered
11 you sing before breakfast, you will cry before night.
a) Unless b) If only c) If d) When
12. If you after two hares, you will catch neither.
a) run b)ran c) rung d)rang
13. If the sky, we shall catch larks.
a) fell b) falls c) felt d) fallen
14. If he wants, he your example.
a) follow b) will follow c) follows d) followed

d) would be d) he would have d) would be d) You are
15. If he isn't careful, he
a) will fallen b) will be fallen c) will fall d) would fall
16. If you cannot bite, never your teeth.
a) show b) showed c) shown d) you show
17. I must have the doctor handy, in case my baby worse.
a) feel b) feels c) felt d) fell
18. If I asked Helen, she probably give you a lift.
a) would b) will c) should d) must
19. Who would you ask, if you how to do it?
a) hadn't known b) wouldn't know
c) didn't know d) shouldn't know
20. What would you do, supposing your car now.
a) stolen b) was stolen c) had been stolen d) had been stole
21. If you her now, you would hardly recognize her.
a) have seen b) see c) had seen d) saw
22. If you took more exercise you might a bit of weight.
a) lose b) loose c) lost d) have lost
23. I be able to visit Jim first thing in the morning if I stay in Manchester over
night.
a) shall b) would c) have d) am
24 you get much fatter, your jeans will be too small for you.
a) whether b) if c) even if d) unless
25. If she a healthy diet, she wouldn't be fit
a) hadn't follow b) hadn't been followed
c) didn't follow d) wouldn't follow
26. We would go to the safari park if Mary
afraid of lions.
a) weren't b) hadn't been c) isn't d) hasn't been

27. If she weren't fit, she to practise in the rink.
a) wouldn't able b) shouldn't able
c) shouldn't be able d) wouldn't be able
28. Helen wouldn't have to stay in bed today if she the flu.
a) didn't have b) hadn't get c) hasn't got d) hasn't get
29. Those wires look a bit dangerous, I them if I were you.
a) didn't touch b) wouldn't touch
c) wouldn't have touched d) shouldn't have touched
30. If you wash cotton clothes in hot water, they lose colour.
a) will b) would c) have d) are
31. If you leave metal out in the rain, it rusty.
a) will get b) get c) would get d) has got
32. If he more money, would you marry him?
a) had had b) would have c) had d) will have
33. If I had nothing to do, I
a) would be boring b) would be bored
c) will be boring d) will be bored
34. If my grandfather were still alive, he a hundred today.
a) be b) will be c) has been d) would be
35. If he got a new job, earn a bit more money.
a) he would b) he had c) he should d) he would have
36. Providing that you careful, you can use Dad's car.
a) will be b) are c) were d) would be
37 have a lot more friends if you weren't so mean.
a) You will b) You would c) You have d) You are
38. If I stuck on a deserted island, I should like to be with you.
a) will be b) would be c) am d) were
39 be surprised if you heard the news.
a) You would b) You will c) You have d) You are

a) lose b) lost c) will lose d) has lost
54. I wouldn't accept the job, even if they it to me.
a) offer b) offered c) had offered d) have offered
55. If he the windows, he will want his money.
a) has done b) have done c) did d) had done
56. What would you do if an earthquake ?
a) there has been b) there's c) there is d) there were
57. If he that smoking is dangerous, he wouldn't smoke now.
a) realized b) had realized c) would realize d) has realized
58. He said that if he didn't start taking regular exercises, in danger of be coming
ill.
a) he would be b) he will be c) he had been d) he will been
59. If I make some coffee, the cake ?
a) cut b) do you cut c) have you cut d) will you cut
60. If we even a small amount of money, they would appreciate it greatly.
a) gave b) give c) will give d) had given
61. If the light, the battery is OK.
a) come on b) comes on c) came on d) had come on
62. If you were on a desert island, what like to have with you?
a) you would b) would you c) have you d) you could
63. If you here, where would you like to be ?
a) weren't b) aren't c) have been d) had been
64. If you English, which language would you study?
a) weren't studying b) weren't study
c) were studying d) wasn't study
65. If you a new first name, what would you choose?
a) must have b) could have c) have had d) has had
66. If you could have any car, which kind have?
a) would you b) you would c) have you d) you could

67. If you eat anything you wanted tonight, what would you eat?
a) can b) will c) must d) could
68. If you want to make a good impression, to smile and make eye contact.
a) you remember b) remember you c) remember d) must remember
69 risk going there alone if they asked you?
a) Would you b) You would c) Can you d) Will you
70. If we had higher salaries, we better teachers.
a) could have b) can have c) must have d) have
71. Her grandfather is no longer alive, but if he were I'm sure he of her.
a) would be proud b) must be proud of
c) will be proud d) shall be proud
72. Bill has such a bad memory that he would lose his head if it to his body.
a) had been attached b) weren't attached
c) isn't attached d) aren't attached
73. I wouldn't ride the bike even if you
a) ask b) asks c) asked d) had asked
74. What would you be doing right now if you in class?
a) are not b) were not c) have been d) had been
75 appreciate it very much if they gave me chance to study.
a) I would b) I will c) I had d) I have
76. If we the production of our goods, we could have more money.
a) increase b) increased c) would increase d) should increase
77. If we had a better car, we more.
a) will have driven b) will drive
c) would drive d) would have driven
78. If people less we would have less pollution.
a) drove b) drive c) driven d) had driven
79 . If we attracted more businesses to the state we more jobs .
a) would have b) will have c) must have d) can have

80. If we more businesses to the state, we would have less unemployment.
a) attract b) attracted c) had attracted d) have attracted
81. If I were President, spend more money on teachers' salaries.
a) I would b) I shall c) I have d) I'm
82 you had eaten breakfast, you wouldn't be hungry now.
a) In case b) If c) Even if d) Unless
83. If you had looked at the map, you lost now.
a) wouldn't be b) shouldn't be c) can't be d) mustn't be
84. If Roger his bike out in the rain, it wouldn't be rusty now.
a) hadn't left b) leave c) leaves d) have left
85. If she had paid her rent last month, she to move out of her flat now.
a) musn't have b) wouldn't have c) will not have d) shall not have
86. If you an expensive car last week, you would have more money now. a) haven't
bought b) buy c) hadn't bought d) bought
87. I wouldn't enjoy going to discos if I like dancing.
a) didn't b) don't c) couldn't d) wasn't able
88. If the building were too big, nobody ever buy it.
a) wouldn't b) would c) should d) shouldn't
89. If the minister reelected, he will still control foreign policy.
a) is b) was c) were d) has
90. If the building weren't in a perfect condition, it impossible to use it for modern
offices.
a) will be b) must be c) would be d) should be
91. If she had set the alarm, she wouldn't
a) have overslept b) have oversleep c) has overslept d) overslept
92. If the blouse this skirt, I should buy it.
a) match b) matched c) matches d) would match
93. He unemployed now if he didn't want a higher salary.
a) wouldn't be b) will not be c) will be d) couldn't be

94. If you could keep a secret I ... tell you everything in details.
a) must b) will c) would d) shall
95. He wouldn't hire a taxi if the station ... very far from the hotel.

c) isn't

d) weren't

- **96.** ... your bicycle if 1 had a screwdriver of the proper size.
- a) I shall fix b) I would fix c) I have fix d) I fix
- **97.** Sally ... the phone if she were in her office right now.
- a) would answer b) will answer c) must answer d) should answer
- **98.** I wouldn't be a student in this class if English ... my native language.
- a) were b) is c) has been d) had been

b) have been

- **99.** If I were a bird, I ... want to live my whole life in a cage.
- a) would not b) will not c) shall not d) have not
- **100.** If I ... you, I should see this film.
- a) am b) would be c) will be d) were

E Writing

a) had been

Imagine you're a farm worker in America in the 1930s. You've just lost your job because of the Great Depression. Write a letter to your cousin in Russia.

Letter from history

Dear [your cousin's name],

PARAGRAPH 1

Tell your cousin the bad news about losing your job and what difficulties you're facing.

Useful words and phrases: made redundant, struggle to get by, landlord demanding rent, bills to pay, go into debt

PARAGRAPH 2

Explain the situation in America: how the stock market crash happened, the Depression. Head the notes from C Listening on page 62.

Useful words and phrases: stock market, crash, fall in demand for produce, businesses closing down

PARAGRAPH 3

Explain what life is like in America now, especially for farmers and farm workers.

Useful words and phrases: high unemployment, families struggling to get by. people depressed, people leaving their homes for the city

PARAGRAPH 4

Say what you plan to do to find work.

Here are some ideas: move to the city to find work, join the army, try to sell something valuable you own and buy a ticket to Europe.

Sign off

Write 100-150 words

TEST 4

A Circle the word in each group which does not fit.

1 kinds of money

fiat commodity fake intrinsic

2 things you can do in a bank

deposit barter borrow make a withdrawal

3 kinds of inflation

demand-pull exchange rate cost-push high

4 kinds of unemployment

target structural cyclical seasonal

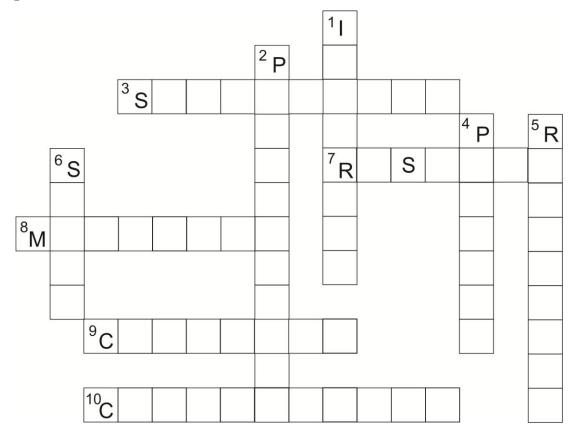
5 economic problem

shortage stagflation mobility depression

6 other words for money

cash currency exchange cash

B Complete the crossword with words we use in economics.



ACROS	S

- 3 People buy these from the government as a way to invest their money.
- 7 The money that a bank keeps in its account at the central bank.
- 8 A bank loan given to house buyers.
- 9 Governments try to get the economy working so it uses all its resources.
- 10 This is another word for fake money.

DOWN

- 1 This is the cost of borrowing money.
- 2 A kind of income tax system.
- 4 The whole income of a country is called the gross national _____
- 5 When money is paid back.
- 6 The oil crisis of the 1970s caused an economic _____.

C Read this letter and fill in the gaps with the words and phrases from the box.

- ■allowance cash till knock-on effect
 - ■lend make ends meet obliged
 - ■plus purse relocated transport

Dear Gill.

How are you getting on at university? As you know, rather than studying, I decided to get a job but you will be surprised to hear my news.

I didn't take the job I was offered in the (1) ______ department because I was also offered another job in a bank! You may well be wondering why and the answer is simple - money!

It would have been hard to (2)	on the salary the first job paid. As a single
person my personal (3)	isn't very much so I have to pay a lot of tax. Being
paid well is always a (4)	in any job! Added to that, I'm not (5) to
work in the city centre which is s	something I'd prefer to avoid and neither do I run the
risk of being (6) I'd ha	ate to have to move.

Anyway, the position I have is working at a (7) As you can imagine, I see a
lot of things in a day – it's never boring. Take yesterday. Well, an old lady came to my
counter, opened her bag and took out her (8) Then she began to count a huge
pile of coins and notes in front of me. This went on for a while, then the man behind her
started to complain. Of course that had $a(n)$ (9) and soon the whole bank
was going crazy, all the customers arguing. Throughout all of this the old woman
continued her counting! Well, she deposited her life savings and the customers calmed
down. I must say, perhaps there's a bit too much excitement sometimes. I may move to
the loans department in the future. It might be easier to (10) people money.
Anyway, let me know how you're getting on.
Love.
Helen XXX
D You are going to hear someone talking about open market operations. Complete
the gaps with the necessary words.
the gaps with the necessary words. The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2)
The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2)
The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2) securities. Securities are a way to (3) money to the government at
The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2) securities. Securities are a way to (3) money to the government at an agreed rate of interest. This is what is known as <i>open market operations</i> . When
The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2) securities. Securities are a way to (3) money to the government at an agreed rate of interest. This is what is known as <i>open market operations</i> . When people buy securities the money supply (4) This causes (5) in the
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The government can create (1) of money for commercial banks by (2) securities. Securities are a way to (3) money to the government at an agreed rate of interest. This is what is known as <i>open market operations</i> . When people buy securities the money supply (4) This causes (5) in the commercial banks' (6) accounts, so they have to (7) money from the central bank. **E Do grammar tests** Choose the correct item** 1. My lawyer is suggesting that I the property.

3. You ... better not borrow any more money; you won't be able to pay it back.

- a) would b) had
- **4**. If my husband ... to the bank yesterday, we ... some money now.
- a) went, could have b) had gone, would have
- **5**. His life can be saved if help ... soon.
- **a**) arrives **b**) will arrive
- **6**. If Clara ... fewer sweets, she ... get slimmer.
- a) ate, might b) eats, would
- 7. I didn't enjoy the performance last night. I would rather we ... to the disco.
- a) would go b) had gone
- **8**. If all stories ... true, Dr. Heidegger's study must have been a very curious place.
- a) were b) are
- **9**. If we ... the tax on time, we ... liable for any further payment.
- a) pay, won't be b) will pay, wouldn't be
- **10**. «I wish you ... less noise when you come in.» «It's not my fault. In door squeaks when you open it»
- a) had made b) would make
- 11. Write down all these words lest you ... them.
- a) forgot b) should forget
- 12. If we ... our workers better, we ... a popular employer.
- a) would pay, became b) pay, will become
- **13**. If you ... working, there ... no protection for your family.
- a) stopped, would be b) have stopped, won't be
- **14**. If we ... our workers better, they wouldn't have left the company.
- a) paid b) had paid
- 15. If I were you I... invest all your money in stocks.
- a) would not b) will not
- 16. The water is very cold today. If you bathed in it you ... ill for days.
- a) will have been b) would be
- 17. We ... trading so long as we ... goods to sell.

- a) will continue, have b) would continue, would have
- **18**. When I ... a moment I open my memories of you as if I ...
- a) got reading b) get, were reading
- **19**. If he ... do a job by the day required, he took it. If not, he told the truth and turned it down.
- a) could b) can
- **20**. If you needed some money, I ... lend you a sum.
- a) will b) would
- **21**. And after all the weather was ideal. They could not have had a more perfect day for a garden party if they ... it.
- a) order b) ordered c) had ordered
- 22. « ... correct if I ... that each time a representative voted, he'd get a stipend?» asked the girl.
- a) Would I be, presumed b) Will I be, have presumed
- c) Would I have been, had presumed
- 23. But I know Jimmy ... me here if he ... alive, for he always was the truest, staunchest old chap in the world.
- a) would meet, will be b) will meet, is c) shall, was
- **24**. If there ... high demand overseas we ... the Export Sales team.
- a) will be, would increase b) would be, increased c) were, would increase
- **25**. Provided that we ... substitute a holiday of similar quality, there ... no entitlement to compensation.
- a) could, will be b) can, will be c) can, would be
- **26.** No holiday booking ... accepted unless it ... accompanied by the necessary deposit.
- a) will be, is b) would be, would be c) shall be, was
- **27.** You ... to compensation on condition that you ... our office not later than seven days after notification of the proposed changes.
- a) are only entitled, will contact b) will only be entitled, contact
- c) would be only entitled, had contacted

- **28**. We ... faulty goods, provided that the customer ... them in an unused condition together with proof of purchase.
- a) shall replace, will return b) replaced, would return c) will replace, returns
- **29**. We ... our prices ... us.
- a) have reconsidered, you asked b) will reconsider, will you ask
- c) would have reconsidered, had you asked
- **30**. If the policyholder ... to extend the policy, he ... the company before the policy expiry date.
- a) will wish, must have notified b) would wish, must have notified
- c) wishes, must notify
- **31**. If ... to my colleague yesterday, I ... everything.
- a) spoke, would learn b) had spoken, would have learned c) speak, will learn
- **32**. If the policyholder subsequently ... to renew the policy, the company ... to charge an introductory fee.
- a) decided, would be entitled b) had decided, would entitle
- c) would decide, could be entitled
- 33. You ... a mistake unless you ... the instructions carefully.
- a) might have made, would follow b) may make, follow
- c) might make, didn't follow
- 34. What... if the princess ... that necklace? Who knows?
- **a**) will happen, didn't lose **b**) would happen, has not lost
- c) would have happened, had not lost
- **35**. I'd rather you ... your things everywhere round the flat. I can't hear it.
- a) didn't leave b) wouldn't leave c) hadn't have been leaving
- **36**. There ... anything worth buying if we ... there soon. If only no one ... that chest of drawers they advertised.
- a) wouldn't be, hadn't got, will buy b) isn't, haven't got, bought
- c) won't be, don't get, buys

- **37**. If I ... a nickel for all the times we've done things because of your male intuition, I ... a rich woman.
- a) had, would be b) had had, would have been c) have, will be
- **38**. ... what would happen, I... this experiment.
- a) I knew, will never have authorized
- **b**) Had I known, would never have authorized
- c) Have I known, would never authorize
- **39**. If she ... her seat belt, she could have been badly injured.
- a) hadn't been wearing b) hadn't wear c) doesn't wear
- **40**. If my younger sister ... less shy, she ... progress more rapidly.
- a) had been, would have made b) has been, will make c) were, would make
- **41**. The doctor suggests that my grandfather ... three times a week.
- a) will exercise b) exercise c) exercised d) would exercise
- 42 .If you ... your own children, I'm sure you ... what I'm going to ask of you now.
- a) will have, would excuse b) would have, would excuse
- c) has, would have excused d) had, would excuse
- **43**. If Olivia ... his letter, they probably ... all those years and neither of them would be lonely now.
- a) would answer, would have married
- **b)** had answered, would have been married **c)** answered, will marry
- **d)** had answered, would marry
- **44**. It was as if a sudden glow of cheerful sunshine ... all their faces at once.
- a) would have brightened b) will have brightened c) has brightened
- d) had brightened
- **45**. People are afraid that if we ... to the metric system, our whole life ...
- a) will convert, will change b) will convert, will have change
- c) convert, will change d) convert, change
- **46**. If the dinner ... another minute, the steak ... as tough as leather.
- a) waits, will be b) wait, is c) wait, will be d) has waited, is

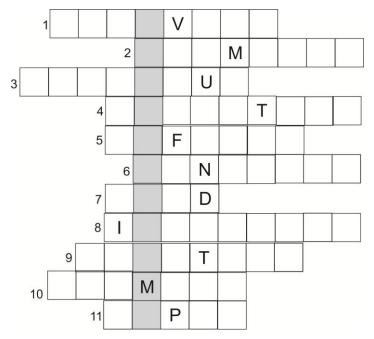
- **47**. You ... pay interest if you ... the bill within sixty days.
- a) will have to, hadn't settled b) have to, won't have settled
- c) would have to, didn't settle d) shall have to, wouldn't have settled
- **48**. If they ... reschedule the debt, they ... bankrupt.
- a) hadn't been able to, would have gone b) won't be able to, will have gone
- c) wouldn't be able to, would go d) couldn't, shall have gone
- **49**. Andrew said that if I ... before the Titian it ... wonderful publicity for the exhibition.
- a) am posing, will have been b) posed, would be c) had posed, will be
- d) would have posed, would have been
- **50**. «But I have reasons to suppose that this opinion ... very much more frank and valuable if he ... that we are alone,» he said.
- a) will be, will imagine b) would have been, has imagined
- c) would be, had imagined d) would be, imagines
- **51**. The balance ... at any time provided it... not later than eight weeks before departure.
- a) may pay, is b) may be paid, is c) might be paid, will be
- d) might have been paid, would be
- **52**. If the sales ... poor, we ... the distribution network.
- a) were, will change b) have been, will have changed
- c) had been, would have changed d) had been being, would change
- **53**. «Shall I continue to ignore your acid little rejoinders, Suzie, or ... happier if I ... in and indulged your desire to have a blazing row over nothing?» he asked.
- a) would you have been, had given b) will you be, had been giving
- c) will you have been, give d)would you be, gave
- 54. ... you'd get so upset, she never ... leaving.
- a)Would have she known, had suggested
- b) Has she known, will have suggested
- c) Had she known, would have suggested
- d) Known she, would suggest

- **55**. The Palestinian leader is demanding that the Israeli government ... its troops.
- **a)** withdraw **b)** would withdraw **c)** had withdrawn **d)** withdrew
- **56**. The boy ... my age if such an unbelievable thing ... to him. He had been killed in a fight.
- a) would have been, wouldn't have happened
- b) will have been, had not happened
- c) will be, didn't have happened
- d) would have been, had not happened
- **57**. If the policyholder ... the company before the expiry date, the company ... to terminate the agreement.
- a) does not contact, shall be entitled
- **b**) didn't contact, will be entitled
- c) wouldn't contact, would have entitled
- d) wouldn't contact, would have been entitled
- **58**. They ... the train if they ... their house earlier.
- a) wouldn't have been missing, left b) won't have missed, leave
- c) wouldn't miss, would have left d) wouldn't have missed, had left
- **59**. If Tom ... a taxi, he ... stuck in traffic.
- a) would take, might not get b) had taken, might not have got
- c) will take, may not get d) had been taken, might not get
- **60**. Mary wishes that she ... off her relationship with her mother-in-law.
- a) hasn't broken b) hadn't broken c) wouldn't broken d) didn't break

F Writing

Write a promotional leaflet for a bank. The aim of the leaflet is to attract new customers and to inform existing customers about the services the bank offers.

TEST 5
Complete the puzzle with the necessary words. Can you find the highlighted phrase?



CLUES

- 1 Hopefully this will happen to the economy after a recession.
- 2 The value of imports compared to the value of exports is called the balance of

2. 11. .1

- 3 Managed by the government.4 Something that encourages.
- 5 When the value of imports is greater than the value of exports, there is a trade

____.•

6 _____ goods are those which are not absolutely necessary.

- 7 A land _____ is a man who rents out property.
- 8 People who lend money to companies so that they can grow.
- 9 A kind of exchange rate mechanism.
- 10 Goods that are raw materials for industry, or other goods that are not processed.
- 11 _____ inflation is very, very high inflation.
- B1 Organise these words and phrases into two groups: those with a positive meaning and words with a negative meaning.

■ aid ■boom ■ corruption ■lay off ■ overheat ■ plenty ■deficit ■ emancipation
■ enviable ■fortunate ■ hardship ■ hyperinflation ■political instability ■ progress
■recovery ■ run down ■ slump ■stabilise ■ struggle ■ value for money
B2 Now make eight sentences using as many words as possible from this exercise.
C Complete this letter to a magazine with a suitable word in each gap. The first letter
has been given.
Dear Editor,
When I read the article 'Tough Trade' in the February edition of your magazine I was
very disappointed. You complained that my country has put unfair (1) t on
imports of products from more (2) d economies such as the USA and the EU.
You are also unhappy that we use (3) q to restrict the import of some goods.
However, without these policies, our country would (4) s to survive and the
trading (5) p we have would suffer.
Your government gives (6) a to many of its industries. This financial help
means that your farms and factories can produce goods much more cheaply than ours.
How can we compete? Also, please don't forget that until my grandfather's (7)
g our country was a (8) c in your empire. We are still paying off the
(9) d that you left behind when we finally won our freedom.
For these reasons, the trade restrictions that my government uses are (10) e
for our economy.
So please - no more complaints!
Moses Samkange
D Listen to these people. What part of the business cycle are they in? Match the
people with the stage.
SPEAKER 1 A boom

B slump

SPEAKER 2

SPEAKER 3 C recession

SPEAKER 4 D recovery

E Do grammar tests

Choose the correct item

Level 1

- 1. Are you sure you told me? I don't recall ... about it.
- a) having been told b) to have told
- 2. Jane seems ... some weight. How long has she been on a diet?
- **a**) to have lost **b**) having lost
- **3**. Nobody can expect you ... overtime.
- **a)** work **b)** to work
- **4**. ... all the way, he followed Mr. Giles upstairs.
- **a)** Talked **b)** Talking
- **5**. What do you feel like ... for breakfast? Does coffee and sandwich sound good?
- a) to have b) having
- **6**. ... nothing about the trouble, my grandfather felt comfortable and quiet.
- **a)** Having been told **b)** Having told
- **7**. We are looking forward to ... on a tour of Paris by our French friends.
- a) being taken b) having been taken
- **8**. They would like ... to Bill's party, but they were not.
- a) having invited b) to have been invited
- 9. I remember ... a woman outside where I went in.
- a) to see b) seeing
- 10. I advised them ... there for more than two days.
- a) don't stay b) not to stay
- 11. My neighbour was trying ... the door with the wrong key.
- a) to unlock b) unlocking
- 12. Mrs. Green hasn't seen her husband for several days. It's rather ...

- a) worrying b) worried
- 13. After hearing the weather report, I advise you ... skiing this afternoon.
- a) not to go b) not going
- 14. You should ... to other people instead of... about yourself all the time.
- **a**) to listen, to talk **b**) listen, talking
- **15**. I highly appreciated ... your support in time.
- a) to receive b) receiving
- **16**. I'm not going to a lecture tonight as I'm not... in the subject.
- a) interesting b) interested
- 17. ... before them, he looked into the room.
- a) Stepping b) Stepped
- **18**. I have read only some of that new book because it's very ...
- a) boring b) bored
- **19**. When they finally reached the top of the hill, they were ...
- a) tired and exhausted b) tiring and exhausting
- 20. Before my younger brother goes to bed, Father reminds him ... his teeth.
- a) brushing b) to brush
- **21.**A new private ... station has begun to function.
- a) broadcasting b) broadcasted
- 22. It's a bad thing for a child to get used to ... in bed.
- **a**) read **b**) reading
- **23.** The teacher was upset by ... him the truth.
- a) our not having told b) we didn't tell
- **24.** Whenever they met, her cousin avoided ... at her.
- a) to look b) looking
- **25.** He followed up this remarkable declaration by ... his head.
- a) having shaken b) shaking
- **26.** ... the essay, he left it to be checked.
- a) Writing b) Having written

- 27. He had found a ... umbrella and didn't know what to do.
- **a**) broken **b**) breaking.
- **28.** The President became used to ... by his opponents.
- a) criticize b) being criticized
- **29.** Most people enjoy ... to different parts of the world.
- a) to travel b) traveling
- **30.** The guide promised ... the tourists at the station.
- a) to meet b) meeting
- **31.** Don't pretend ... what you aren't.
- a) to be b) being
- 32. You must ... English wherever you can.
- a) practice speaking b) to practice speaking
- **33.** My lawyer advised me ... anything further about the accident.
- **a)** saying **b)** not to say
- **34.** My grandparents made me ... them next week.
- a) to promise to call b) promise to call
- 35. I used to ... two or three times a day.
- **a**) bathe **b**) be bathing
- **36**. You must keep on ... the computer until you understand how ... all of the programmes.
- a) practice, to use b) practicing, using c) practicing, to use
- **37**. He was said ... a man who could always ... any opposition.
- a) to be, to defeat b) be, to defeat c) to be defeat
- **38.** Have you had this article ...?
- a) typed b) typing c) type
- **39**. Dumb terror made him ... the hammer and ... out.
- **a**) to drop, rush **b**) to drop, to rush **c**) drop, rush
- **40**. Will you excuse me for... an obvious precaution?
- a) taking b) take c) to take

- **41.** The philosophers were, however, the first ... language as an evolving phenomenon, and ... philological studies.
- a) treat, undertake b) to be treated, undertake c) to treat, to undertake
- **42**. He remembered ... madly through the house, ... everywhere for money.
- a) to walk, to look b) walking, looking c) walk, looking
- **43**. We shall not be able to catch the train ... at five.
- a) left b) leaving c) having been left
- **44**. The girl ... next to Emma is her niece.
- a) being sat b) having been sat c) sitting
- **45**. I determined ... until I got back to town before ... my story to the police.
- a) be waiting, to tell b) wait, tell c) to wait, telling
- **46**. Children sometimes forget... the stoves when they have finished cooking.
- a) to turn off b) turn off c) turning off
- **47**. nInstead of... the letter, she went away.
- a) finishing b) finish c) to be finishing
- **48**. I'll never forget... my first entrance examination. It was a complete failure.
- a) to take b) have been taken c) taking
- **49**. The letter ... yesterday was most welcome.
- a) receiving b) having received c) received
- **50**. I think he wanted me ... or at least ... him for being so humorous.
- a) to congratulate, to admire b) congratulate, admire
- c) be congratulated, be admired
- **51**. There seemed nothing in the man strong enough ... that mountain of flesh.
- a) sustaining b) sustain c) to sustain
- **52**. All of them enjoyed ... tennis.
- **a**) to play **b**) playing **c**) play
- **53**. She begged her father ... her ... to college but he did not want ... to her.
- a) let, go, to listen b) to let, to go, to listen c) to let, go, to listen
- **54**. I persuaded my brother-in-law not... that expensive cottage.

- a) to buy b) buy c) buying
- **55**. I can see that you are ... of the arrangement and of me, and I had better therefore, resign.
- a) tired b) being tired c) tiring
- **56**. The city council agreed ... the architect's proposed design for a new market.
- a) to accept b) accepting c) to be accepted
- 57. Most passengers dislike ... in small, uncomfortable seats on transoceanic flights.
- a) sitting b) sit c) to sit
- **58**. I look forward to ... you the next time I'm in town. I'll be sure to let you ... ahead of time so that we can plan to get together.
- a) see, to know b) see, knowing c) seeing, know
- **59.** his leash, I watched as my dog ran down the street after the mail carrier.
- a) Escaping b) Having escaped c) Escaped
- **60**. They should have had their windows ...
- a) clean b) cleaned c) cleaning
- **61**. You seem most fortunate in ... an employee who comes under the full market price.
- a) to have b) having c) having had
- **62**. My uncle believes animals should ... from hunters. He objects to ... wild animals for sport.
- a) protect, kill b) be protected, kill c) be protected, killing
- **63**. The doctor seemed especially ... by the fact of the robbery ... in the night time.
- a) troubling, been unexpected and attempted
- **b**) having troubled, to be unexpected and attempted
- c) troubled, having been unexpected and attempted
- **64**. While ... the street in the wrong place, the boy was stopped by the policeman.
- a) crossing b) being crossed c) having been crossed
- **65**. Although my father slammed on his brakes, he couldn't ... the dog that suddenly darted out in front of the car.
- a) avoid to hit b) avoid hitting, c) be avoided hitting

- **66**. Stop ... at me! I'll get everything finished before I go to bed.
- a) to grumble b) grumbling c) to be grumbling
- 67. With this words the Jew, ... down, placed the candle on an upper flight of stairs.
- a) stooped b) stooping c) having stooped
- **68**. If people delay ... their bills, they only incur more and more interest charges.
- a) to pay b) paying c) to be paying
- **69**. A procrastinator is one who habitually postpones ... things especially tasks that are unpleasant.
- a) doing b) do c) to do
- 70. Nobody has offered ... the house next door, so I think they are going... the price.
- a) buying, to lower b) to buy, to lower c) to buy, lowering
- **71**. We couldn't... him alone. His health was too poor.
- a) risk to leave b) to risk to leave c) risk leaving d) be risked to leave
- **72**. My neighbour had his garage ... into by car thieves.
- a) breaking b) broken c) having broken d) broke
- **73**. Every member of the respectable coterie appeared ... in his own reflections, ... the dog, who seemed ...
- a) plunged, not excepting, to be meditating
- b) plunging, not excepted, be meditating
- c) having plunged, not except, meditating
- d) to plunge, not having excepted, being meditating
- **74**. ... their supper, the family started watching television.
- a) Finished b) Being finished c) Having finished d) Having been finished
- **75**. ..., the children fell asleep immediately.
- a) Being very tired b) Very tired c) Very tiring d) Having tired
- **76**. I might ... a complete circle and return to the point where I started without ... of the fact.
- a) to make, being aware b) making, being aware
- c) making, to be aware d) make, being aware

- 77. I couldn't... outright.
- a) resisting to laugh b) resist to laugh c) resist laughing d) to resist laughing
- **78**. We both sat in silence for some little time after ... to this extraordinary story
- a) listening b) listen c) to listen d) having been listened
- 79. I won't be able to go anywhere tomorrow as I'll have my new furniture...
- a) delivering b) having delivered c) delivered d) being delivered
- **80**. The rise in our city's crime rate is truly ... In fact, these days most people ... of going out at night.
- a) alarmed, terrifying b) alarming, are terrified
- c) having alarmed, is terrified d) alarming, having terrified
- **81**. It is worth ... that all of these three old gentlemen were once in love with the widow Wycherly.
- a) to mention b) mentioning c) to be mentioned d) being mentioned
- **82**. ... articles for her high school paper, she began ... money as a journalist while she was attending college.
- a) Writing, earning b) Having written, earn
- c) Having written, to earn d) Writing, to have earning
- **83**. Are you ... in listening to the opera tonight? Not really. There's a political debate on TV, and I know it will be very ...
- a) interest, entertained b) interesting, having entertained
- c) interested, entertained d) interested, entertaining
- 84. I let my hand ... for many minutes, while I tried ... where and what I could...
- a) stay, to imagine, be b) stay, imagine, be
- c) to stay, to imagine, be d) to stay, to imagine, to be
- 85. My friend never fails ... in time to help me.
- **a)** arrive **b)** to arrive **c)** arriving **d)** be arriving
- **86**. The clerk threatens ... if the manager doesn't agree to his proposal.
- a) resign b) to resign c) resigning d) to be resigned

- **87**. The quarterback was distraught... that he had failed to break the state record for ... by a few feet.
- a) to discover, passing b) discovering, pass
- c) discover, having passed d) to discover, to pass
- **88**. Do you really mean ... you used to ... such hideous clothes when you were young?
- a) saying, wearing b) say, wear c) to say, wearing d) to say, wear
- 89. I don't recall ... your umbrella anywhere in the house. Maybe you left it in the office.
- a) see b) to see c) seeing d) to be seen
- **90**. My girl-friend didn't even thank me for my gift. I'm really ... at her. I'm sure she'll thank you soon. I know she was very ... with it.
- a) having annoyed, pleasing b) annoyed, pleased
- c) annoying, having pleased d) annoyed, pleasing
- **91**. A burning thirst made me ... the pitcher at once.
- a) empty b) to empty c) to be emptied d) emptying
- **92**. My grandmother appreciated ... breakfast in bed when she wasn't feeling well.
- a) serving b) to serve c) to be served d) being served
- 93. The bridegroom anticipated ... the wedding ceremony.
- a) enjoying b) enjoy c) being enjoyed d) to enjoyed
- 94. Both plaintiffs and defendants must... the truth in a court of law.
- a) swear telling b) swear to tell c) swearing telling d) swear to be told
- **95**. I am not a very heavy sleeper, and the anxiety in my mind tended, no doubt, ... me even less so than usual.
- a) to make b) making c) make d) to be making
- **96**. The customs officer opened the suitcase ... if anything illegal was being brought into the country.
- a) to see b) seeing c) see d) to be seen
- **97**. A friend of mine got into trouble when he refused ... his suitcase for the customs officer.
- a) being opened b) to be opened c) to open d) opening

- **98**. The speaker gave such a good speech that I couldn't resist ... loudly when he finished.
- **a**) to applaud **b**) being applauded **c**) to be applauded **d**) applauding
- 99. The children were ... the first time they flew. Well, they don't seem ... at all now.
- a) terrifying, frightened b) terrified, frightening
- c) having terrified, frightening d) terrified, frightened
- **100**. The witness to the murder asked ... in the newspapers. She wanted her name to be kept in a secret.
- a) not to identify b) don't be identified
- c) not to be identified d) not having been identified
- **101**. This morning he was removed to a cell, and I, after ... through all the police formalities, have hurried round to you ... you ... your skill in unravelling the matter.
- a) having gone, implore, using b) go, imploring, use
- c) going, imploring, using d) going, to implore, to use
- **102**. I hope that by the time his baby learns ... he will be used to ... called 'father'.
- a) to speak, being b) speaking, be c) to speak, have been d) speak, being
- 103. So they begged the jeweller ... it for three days.
- a) don't sell b) didn't sell c) not to sell d) not sell
- **104**. It was very cold, but they dared ... fires because someone would see the smoke and wonder about it.
- **a**) not to make **b**) not make
- c) not making d) do not making
- **105**. You'd better save some money for a rainy day. You can't... on ... by your parents every time you get into financial difficulty.
- a) count, to be rescued b) count, being rescued
- c) counting, rescuing d) to count, to rescue

Level 2

- 1. You can ... my dictionary whenever you like.
- a) to use b) usec) using d) used

2. "I'd better there early", said Roy.
a) got b) to be getting c) to get d)get
3. Come and help me the shopping.
a) to do b) did c) done d) doing
4. He begged her not away.
a) to have gone b) gone c) to go d)go
5. She sat down and made me beside her.
a) to sit b) sat c) to be sitting d) sit
6. Everyone came out of the house the new car.
a) admire b) to admire c) to be admired d) admired
7. I'd rather to her alone.
a) to be talked b) to talk c) talk d) talking
8. You shouldn't my pen, I need it myself.
a) use b) to use c) using d) used
9. Annie got up the table.
a) to be cleared b) clear c) to clear d) cleared
10. He felt the dog him on the shoulder.
a) to touch b) touch c) to be touched d) touched
11. They wanted me with them.
a) come b) came c) to come d) to be coming
12. Have you got anything ?
a) add b) to add c) added d) adding
13. Let them for a walk.
a) go b) going c) to go d) gone
14. The weather was too good indoors.
a) stay b) to stay c) staying d) stayed
15. Everybody saw him the street.
a) cross b) to cross c) crossed d) to be crossing
16. She plans school in September.

a) attends b) attend c) to attend d) attended
17. He will try a part-time job at school.
a) get b) got c) to get d) gets
18. They expect well at school.
a) do b) to do c) did d) done
19. Her parents would like her to college.
a) send b) sends c) sent d) to send
20. What can Teresa to do?
a) afford b) affords c) to afford d) afforded
21. They advised their son to the state university.
a) go b) to go c) gone d) going
22. She seemed to him attentively at that moment.
a) listen b) listened c) to be listening d) to be listened
23. You must very tired if you went to bed so early.
a) be b) been c) have been d) being
24. He insists that the fact should at the meeting.
a) to mention b) mention c) to be mentioned d) be mentioned
25. Ann wants you to her birthday party.
a) to invite b) to be invited c) invite d) invite
26. The students here came from Lviv.
a) work b) working c) worked d) having worked
27. John came in his suitcase.
a) carry b) carried c) carrying d) being carried
28 the book, she gave it to Peter.
a) To read b) Reading c) Being read d) Having read
29. She went out the door behind her.
a) shutting b) shut c) to shut d) to be shut
30. They walked in silence between the tables, now with books.
a) to load b) loading c) loaded d) load

31. He looked at a	copy of	the newspa	aper.	
a) fold b) fo	lded c)	to fold	d) being folded	
32. They came bac	k to Londo	on, six w	eeks.	
a) be away	b)	were away	/	
c) been away		d) having been away		
33. And all this,	my father	left the roo	om.	
a) say b) said	d c) ha	aving said	d) be said	
34. The boy by	Betty is a fi	riend of mi	ine.	
a) invited b) inv	iting c	e) be invite	ed d) invited	
35 . The room was	lit by a c	andle.		
a) bum b) bu	rning	c) burned	d) having burned	
36. Kate liked to s	end her fr	ee time 1	the violin.	
a) play b) to	play c)	played d) playing	
37. Generally, h	e is a good	student.		
a) speak b) to	speak	c) speaking	g d)spoken	
38. for another 6	juestion, he	e was silen	t.	
a) to wait b) wa	iting	c) waited	d) be waited	
39. He lay in bed .	····			
a) to read b) rea	ad c)	reading c	d) having read	
40. We saw that th	e door was	••••		
a) locked b) loc	cking	c) to lock	d) being locked	
41 . And their ho	use, they v	vere free to	leave.	
a) to sell b) so	ld c) 1	being sold	d) having sold	
42. For a moment	he stood as	if for an	other question.	
a) wait b) wa	iting	c) waited	d) being waited	
43. There was som	eone else .	with Ter	esa.	
a) sit b) sat	c) s	sitting d) having sat	
44 windows we	re shining	here and th	nere.	
a) To light b) Lig	ght c) Lig	hting d)	Lighted	

45. I like sports with the sea.				
a) connected b) connecting c) having connected d) connect				
46. He would sit and watch the leaves of last year.				
a) fall b) falling c) fallen d) having fallen				
47. It was the first time he looked				
a) excite b) exciting c) being excited d) excited				
48. I saw him this text.				
a) to translate b) translating c) translated d) having translated				
49. The door was left				
a) unlock b) unlocking c) unlocked d) being unlocked				
50. She was found on the grass.				
a) play b) played c) having played d) playing				
51. Bob sat without a word.				
a) saying b) said c) say d) having said				
52. They like detective stories.				
a) read b) having read c) reading d) be read				
53. Her son can't read yet but he likes very much.				
a) read b) reading c) having read d) being read				
54. I can still remember down the hills in the morning.				
a) run b) running c) having been run d) ran				
55. After her umbrella i n the hall she entered the room.				
a) left b) leaving c) leave d) being left				
56. I am sure of this book before.				
a) reading b) read c) having read d) being read				
57. My friends like to our house.				
a) being invited b) inviting c) invited d)invite				
58 . I insist on my with a. certain consideration.				
a) treat b) treating c) having treated d) being treated				
59. I know everyone who is worth				

a) know	b) knowing c) being known d) to know			
60. The root	needs			
a) to paint	b) paint c) painting d) painted			
61. a good	d book is a pleasure.			
a) read	b) being read c) having read d) reading			
62. He starte	ed music lessons yesterday.			
a) attending	b) attend c) attended d) being attended			
63. Her hob	by is stamps.			
a) collect	b) collecting			
c) collected	d) having collected			
64. They do	n't like my habit of through newspapers at dinner.			
a) look	b) to look c) looking d) looked			
65. After	school I'm going to enter Lviv University.			
a) finish	b) being finished c) finishing d) having finished			
66. She grea	tly dislikes by anybody.			
a) contradic	ing b) contradict			
c) having co	ntradicted d) being contradicted			
67 . He was	sorry for us waiting.			
a) to keep	b) keeping c) keep d) kept			
68. He was	angry with me for the news.			
a) bring	b) brought c) bringing d) be brought			
69. Instead	of the rain increased.			
a) stopping	b) to stop c) stopped d) being stopped			
70. She wen	t on the letter.			
a) write	b) written c) writing d) having written			
71. She is fo	nd of English songs.			
a) to sing	b) sung c) having sung d) singing			
72. He did not recollect such a thing to him before.				
a) happen	b)happened			

c) having happened d) being happened
73. We insist on your this ancient Ukrainian city.
a) visiting b) visit c) being visited d) having visited
74. I remember his in the history of Ukraine before he entered the college.
a) be interested b) having been interested
c) being interested d) to be interested
75. We shall be proud of your the competition.
a) win b) won c) being won d) winning
76. We live in the town 700 years ago.
a) to found b) founded c) founding d) having founded
77 the hall he saw them at once.
a) entered b) to enter c) entering d) being entered
78. I am glad to the party.
a) invite b) inviting c) being invited d) to be invited
79. You must the first two chapters.
a) to read b) reading c) read d) being read
80. We remember his lectures on History.
a) attend b) attending c) attended d) being attended
81. The teacher wanted the students the rule.
a) to explain b) explaining c) explained d) being explained
82. This book is worth
a) to buy b) bought c) having bought d) buying
83. We saw him the house.
a) to enter b) entering c) being entered d) entered
84. They had their information by telex.
a) send b) sending c) sent d) to send
85. Her aim is English in the shortest time possible.
a) master b) mastered c) being mastered d) mastering
86. Do you want me the fire not far from the tent?

a) to make b) make c) made d) having made
87. My in the affirmative gave him great satisfaction.
a) to answer b) answering c) answered d) being answered
88. It is necessary for you an effort.
a) make b) made c) to make d) being made
89. Dick used to see her to the Public Library.
a) to go b) gone c) having gone d) going
90. He insisted on our round the room.
a) to look b) looking c) looked d) having looked
91. My eyes very heavy, I lay down again and slept.
a) to be b) been c) being d)be
92. He could see her face over the little kitten.
a) to bend b) being bent c) having bent d) bent
93. The house door, she went in.
a) to open b) being opened c) open d) to be opened
94. She returned with the letters for Mr. Brown
a) to sign b) signing c) signed d) having signed
95. The most pleasant surprise is their to see us today.
a) to come b) having come c) coming d) came
96. I could know that without your me.
a) to tell b) told c) being told d) telling
97. It is necessary for my son foreign languages.
a) know b) to know c) knowing d) known
98. I don't approve of your too much.
a) to smoke b) smoked c) smoking d) being smoked
99. John suggested his sister's the piano.
a) to play b) being played c) played d) playing.
100. Would you be so kind as your voice?
a) to lower b) lowered c) lowering d) being lowered

Level 3

1. He watched her the bell.
a) to ring b) ring c) rang d) rung
2. He made us for several hours.
a) to wait b) waited c) wait d) to be waiting
3. You will be able it yourself when you are older.
a) to do b) do c) did d) done
4. The teacher told the pupils the sentence.
a) repeat b) repeating c) repeated d) to repeat
5. They won't let us the Customs till our luggage has been examined.
a) to leave b) leaving c) leave d)left
6. He is expected in a few days.
a) arrive b) to arrive c) arrived d) arriving
7. He seems everyone.
a) to suspect b) suspect c) suspected d) to be suspected
8. The ladder wasn't long enough the window.
a) reach b) reaching c) to reach d) reached
9. I was astonished that he had left for England.
a) learn b) to learn c) learning d) learnt
10. It was very brave of him into the burning house.
a) rushed b) rushing c) rush d)to rush
11. I saw the boy the cup.
a) drop b) to drop c) dropped d) to be dropped
12. They are known very generous.
a) be b) to be c) been d) were
13. He happened at the window at that moment.
a) stand b) stood
c) to be standing d) to have been standing
14. His mother doesn't let him what he wants.

a) to do b) do c) done d) to be doing
15. He saw the old man the street in the wrong place.
a) cross b) to cross c) crossed d) to be crossing
16. She is said very rich before leaving the country.
a) be b) been c) being d) to have been
17. I felt my face red.
a) to turn b) turn c) turned d) to have turned
18. We supposed her to the hospital the day before.
a) take b) taken
c) be taken d) to have been taken
19. He was made that he was ready to sell the shop.
a) say b) said c) to say d) saying
20. Friendship is not at a fair.
a) to buy b) to be bought c) buying d)buy
21. Don't bother her. She seems now.
a) to study b) study c) studied d) to be studying
22. Jane hoped the prize, but someone else won it.
a) give b) giving c) to be given d) given
23. We are waiting for his first novel in English.
a) publish b) publishing c) to be published d) have published
24. He found it difficult the crossword.
a) to do b) do c) done d) to be done
25. They are known a lot of money to charity in the past.
a) donate b) donating c) donated d) to have donated
26. The gentleman to your father is the headmaster of your school.
a) talk b) to talk c) talking d) talked
27 on the light, I was astonished at what I saw.
a) to turn b) turning c) turned d) be turned
28 two languages, he applied for a job of a translator.

a) to learn b) learning c) learnt d) having learnt
29. In Lviv we saw a building four centuries ago.
a) to build b) built c) build d) building
30. They turned over the pages of the family album carefully at the pictures.
a) looking b) looked c) to look d) having looked
31 by photographers and pressmen, she was wearing extremely fashionable clothes
a) to surround b) surrounding
c) being surrounded d) surround
32. The theatre here now will be the largest one in the city.
a) to build b) building c) build d) being built
33. He continued staring at the screen as if by his first sight of television.
a) to fascinate b) fascinated c) fascinating d) fascinate
34. Everybody looked at the child in the street.
a) to cry b) cried c) crying d)cry
35. She admired him with their child.
a) playing b) playedc) to be playing d) having played
36 . The picture was found
a) to damage b) damaged c) damaging d) being damaged
37. The holidays over, we must get down to some hard work.
a) to be b) been c) being d)be
38. The boy was heard in the next room.
a) sing b) sung c) having sung d) singing
39. He didn't want his words on the tape.
a) record b)recorded c) recording d) having recorded
40. Do you have your dress?
a) to make b) make c) made d) making
41. The car was considered again.
a) steal b) to steal c) stealing d) stolen
42. He was very by her sudden change of attitude.

a) surprised b) surprising c) to surprise d) surprise
43. The man smiled, his teeth.
a) to show b) showing c) show d) shown
44 . All the country near him was
a) to break b) breaking c) broken d) break
45. The taxi could be seen outside.
a) waiting b) waited c) having waited d) be waited
46. She had her bed to the comer of the room.
a) to move b) move c) moving d) moved
47 hands with them, he left the room.
a) to shake b) shaken c) having shaken d) shake
48. There were four girls on the wooden bench in the yard.
a) to sit b) sitting c) sit d) sat
49. She sat on the steps with her arms upon her knees.
a) to cross b) crossing c) cross d) crossed
50. the exercise, the teacher asked the students to do it.
a) to explain b) explained
c) having explained d) explaining
51. They enjoy time in the garden.
a) spend b) spending c) spent d)be spent
52. is dangerous for your health.
a) smoking b) smoked c) being smoked d) having smoked
53 . Jane has stopped coffee because she is on a diet.
a) to drink b) drunk c) drinking d) being drunk
54. Would you mind the window?
a) to open b) opening c) opened d) open
55. He left the shop without for the ball.
a) to pay b) pay c) paid d) paying
56. She was well-known for Ukrainian folk songs.

a) to sing	b) sung	c) singing	d) being sung
57. He apolo	gized for so	o late.	
a) being	b) been c)	to be d) be	
58. He was t	ired of to th	ne child.	
a) to talk	b) talking	c) talked d)	being talked
59. She kept	on in silen	ice.	
a) to write	b) written	c) writing	d)having written
60. She cann	ot go to bed	without.	
a) to speak	b) spoker	c) being s	poken d) speaking
61. We shall	look forward	l to you.	
a) to see	b) seeing	c) seen d)	being seen
62. I was afr	aid of the w	rong thing.	
a) saying	b) said	c) to say	l) to have said
63. They we	re in the habi	t of to Londo	on for week-ends.
a) to answer		b) to have an	swered
c) answered		d) answering)
64. He looke	ed at me for a	long time with	out
a) to come	b) having	come c) com	ing d) come
65. I shall ne	ever forget t	o America for	the first time.
a) go	b) going	c) gone	d) have gone
66. They hat	e in this av	vful room day	after day.
a) sit	b) sat	c) sitting	d) having sat
67. He had d	lifficulty in	the crossword	l .
a) doing	b) done	c) to do d)	being done
68. fast is	dangerous fo	or everyone.	
a) drive	b) driving	c) driven	d) being driven
69. I don't fe	el like to th	ne cinema toni	ght.
a) to go	b)gone	c) going d) l	having gone
70. She had	no intention o	of there any l	onger.

a)stay	b) to stay	c) stayed d) staying
71. vegetał	oles is good f	or your health.
a)eat	b) eating	c) eaten d) having eaten
72. He entere	d without a	at the door.
a) to knock	b) knock	c) knocking d)knocked
73. I am sorry	y for unfair	r to you.
a) to be	b)been	c) be d) having been
74. I don't wa	ant to drive a	car; I'm afraid of an accident
a) having	b) have	c) had d) having had
75 . The baby	didn't stop	all night.
a) cry b)	crying	c) cried d) having cried
76. Why are y	you so keen o	on ?
a) to travel	b) travel	c) travelling d) travelled
77. I began	. as soon as I	heard about the match.
a) train	b) trained	c) be trained d) to train
78. He succeed	eded in the	world record.
a) to break	b) breakin	ng c) broken d) being broken
79. How muc	h did you ex	pect for your work?
a) pay b) pa	nying c) pa	aid d) to be paid
80. I can't affe	ord on hol	iday this year.
a) to go	b) go	c) gone d) having gone
81 . Let me	you some ad	lvice.
a) to give	b) give	c) given d) giving
82. I heard so	meone the	e house.
a) to enter	b) entered	c) entering d) have entered
83. I'd sooner	than tell th	ne secret.
a) to die	b) die	c) dying d) died
84. My father	stopped ti	ies some years ago.
a) wearing	b) to wear	c) wear d) worn

85. I was made two hours for an appointment.
a) wait b) waiting c) to wait d) waited
86. They made us early in the morning.
a) getting up b) to get up c) get up d) got up
87. I look forward to you at the party.
a) to see b) see c) seen d) seeing
88. I saw someone through the window.
a) to climb b) climb c) climbed d) to have climbed
89. If you have something, say it now.
a) to say b) say c) saying d) said
90 the door behind her, she got into the car.
a) To close b) Closed c) Closing d) Being closed
91. She just sat there, nothing.
a) do b) to do c) done d) doing
92. The duty of all mankind is for peace.
a) fight b) fighting c) fought d) being fought
93. He did not remember in that room before.
a) be b) been c) having been d) have been
94. He was unable silence.
a) to keep b) keeping c) kept d) being kept
95. She could feel her hands
a) to tremble b) trembling c) trembled d) to be trembling
96. The lamp, she took her son's letter.
a) to light b) lit c) to be lit d) having been lit
97. After about ten yards, he found the ball among the leaves.
a) to walk b) walk c) walking d) walked
98. I insist on both of them in time.
a) to come b) coming c) have come d) come
99. For about ten days we seemed on nothing but bread and water.

a) live b) lived c) living d) to have been
living
100 his luggage, he went to look for a taxi.
a) Having picked up b) To pick up
c) Picked up d) Being picked up
101. The teacher reminded the students their assignments.
a) to complete b) complete c) completing d) completed
102. Mrs. Jackson told her young son not the hot stove.
a) touch b) touching c) to touch d) touched
103. The pilot was forced the plane.
a) landing b) to land c) landed d) to be landed
104. It's a good idea for them gerunds and infinitives because they want to speak
English fluently.
a) to study b) study c) studied d) having studied
105. The teacher opened the window in order some fresh air in the room.
a) let b) letting c) to let d) to have let
106. Nuclear physics is too difficult
a) understand b) understood c) understanding d) to understand
107. He expected to the party, but he wasn't.
a) to invite b) to be invited c) invite d) invited
108. John is fortunate now a scholarship last month.
a) to give b) given
c) to have been given d) giving
109. Every hour he stops his work a cigarette.
a) to smoke b) smoking c) to have smoked d) smoke
110. You are likely the book in our library.
a) finding b) to find c) found d) to be found
111. Three men are reported in the accident.
a) to injure b) injuring

c) injured d) to have been injured
112. Something made them the meeting early.
a) to leave b) left c) leave d) to be left
113. Several minutes ago he saw them in the entrance hall.
a) to talk b) talking c) talked d) have talked
114. Where can I have my umbrella?
a) to mend b) mending c) mend d) mended
115 all her shopping she went home.
a) To do b) Done c) Having done d) To be done
116. Her daughter sat quite silent, with her eyes on the ground.
a) to fix b) fixed c) fixing d) have fixed
117. Why don't you have your piano?
a) to tune b) tuning c) tune d) tuned
118. Then he looked out of the window and saw clouds in the sky.
a) gathering b) to gather c) gathered d) to be gathered
119 by her father, she went to her new room.
a) To accompany b) Accompany
c) Accompanied d) To have accompanied
120. Generally, I don't like coffee.
a) to speak b) speaking c) spoken d) speak
121. Other footsteps were heard the room below.
a) have crossed b) crossed c) being crossed d) to cross
122. The girl was silent, at her hands again.
a) to look b) looked c) looking d) to have looked
123 the door behind her, Isabel waited a little.
a) To close b) Closed c) To be closed d) Having closed
124. They admired the stars in the sky.
a) twinkling b) to twinkle c) twinkled d) to be twinkling
125 alone Paul and I kent silence for some time

a) To leave b) Being left c) Leaving d) Have left
126. Sometimes children complain about not by their parents.
a) to understand b) to be understood
c) being understood d) understanding
127. Mr. Jackson has a good chance of president.
a) to elect b) electing c) elected d) being elected
128. The apples on the tree are ripe. They need
a) picking b) picked c) to pick d) to have picked
129. We are excited about Mary's a scholarship.
a) to win b) winning c) won d) being won
130. I couldn't understand his not.
a) to want b) wanted c) wanting d) have wanted
131. Ann borrowed Sally's clothes without her first.
a) to ask b) asked c) have asked d) asking
132. I'll help you with your homework as soon as I finish the dishes.
a) wash b) washing c) washed d) being washed
133. I can't help why Larry did such a foolish thing.
a) wondering b) to wonder c) wondered d) to be wondered
134. I don't remember ever that story before.
a) hear b) to hear c) having heard d) heard
135. You should stop if you get sleepy.
a) to drive b) driven c) to have driven d) driving
136 . Please, forgive me for not here to help you yesterday.
a) to be b) been c) having been d) have been
137 . In spite of busy, he did all he could to help her.
a) to be b) being c) been d) to have been
138. The boys could not leave the house without for permission.
a) asking b) to ask c) asked d) to have asked

139. Sometimes the sad expression on his face makes me sorry for him.
a) to feel b) felt c) feeling d) feel
140. Edward stood on the beach at the ship.
a) to look b) looking c) looked d) look
141. I usually watched them instead of ball with them.
a) to play b) played c) playing d) have played
142. If you hear any news, I want immediately.
a) to be told b) telling c) to have told d) told
143. I was getting sleepy, so I let my friend the car.
a) to drive b) drive c) driven d) to be driven
144. We sat in the kitchen very hot, strong tea.
a) to sip b) sip c) sipping d) sipped
145. Emily stopped a black cat run across the street.
a) to let b) let c) being let d) to have let
146 . I'm tired. I wouldn't mind just at home tonight.
a) to stay b) staying c) stayed d) to have stayed
147. about another country is very interesting.
a) Learn b) Learnt c) Learning d) Being learnt
148. Lillian deserves the truth about what happened last night.
a) to tell b) to be told c)told d) to have told
149. Don't keep me the same questions over and over.
a) to ask b) asked c) being asked d) asking
150. Time, we shall start tomorrow.
a) to permit b) permitting
c) permitted d) to have permitted
F Writing
Imagine that you are a factory inspector for the Russian government in 1890. You visit a
textile factory and you are shocked by the conditions. Write a letter to the Finance
Minister, Sergei Witte, telling him what you saw and what you want him to do about it.

Критерії оцінки виконання тестовх завдань

з дисципліни «Іноземна (англійська) мова професійного спрямування» студентами напрямів підготовки

6.030503 «Міжнародна економіка», 6.030504 «Економіка підприємства»

Рівень	Аналіз видів діяльності	Бали
високий	У лексичних і граматичних текстах студент демонструє чітке знання правил сполучення лексичних одиниць; знання сталих виразів та ідіом, знання основних граматичних та лексичних моделей, свідоме використання стилю і регістру, знання конотації. Виправлення неприпустимі. Кількість допустимих помилок – нуль.	5 (відмінно)
достатній	У лексичних та граматичних текстах студент виявляє знання сталих виразів та ідіом, знання основних граматичних моделей та лексики, правила їх сполучення. Кількість власноручних виправлень не може перевищувати трьох, кількість помилок в межах трьох.	4 (добре)
середній	Студент вміє конструювати параграфи за опорами у межах вивчених тем для організації думок в єдину інтелектуальну структуру, але в його писемному мовленні мають місце помилки (не більше п'яти). У лексичних та граматичних текстах точно і відповідно вживає сталі вирази, має знання основних граматичних та лексичних моделей. Правила їх сполучення. Кількість помилок більше трьох, але в межах 7, кількість власноручних виправлень не більше п'яти.	3 (задовільно)
початковий	Студент знає основні принципи організації текстів та, проте не завжди адекватно їх використовує. Знання лексики і граматики не демонструє точності і відповідності вживання мови, немає свідомого використання стилю і регістру, знань конотацій, бракує знань сталих виразів та ідіом, недостатнє засвоєння основних граматичних та лексичних моделей, правил сполучення лексичних одиниць. Кількість помилок понад сім.	2 (незадовільно)

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Навчальне видання

Остапенко Світлана Анатоліївна

GUIDE TO ECONOMICS

Збірник тестових завдань з дисципліни «Іноземна (англійська) мова професійного спрямування» для студентів напрямів підготовки 6.030503 «Міжнародна економіка», 6.030504 «Економіка підприємства»

Донецький національний університет економіки і торгівлі імені Михайла Туган-Барановського 50005, Дніпропетровська обл., м. Кривий Ріг, вул. Островського, 16